

Centre No.						Paper Reference							Surname	Initial(s)
Candidate No.						6	6	6	5	/	0	1	Signature	

Paper Reference(s)

6665/01

Edexcel GCE

Core Mathematics C3

Advanced

Friday 6 June 2008 – Afternoon

Time: 1 hour 30 minutes

Examiner's use only

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Team Leader's use only

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[illegible]

Materials required for examination

Mathematical Formulae (Green)

Items included with question papers

Nil

Candidates may use any calculator allowed by the regulations of the Joint Council for Qualifications. Calculators must not have the facility for symbolic algebra manipulation, differentiation and integration, or have retrievable mathematical formulae stored in them.

Instructions to Candidates

In the boxes above, write your centre number, candidate number, your surname, initials and signature. Check that you have the correct question paper.

Answer ALL the questions.

You must write your answer for each question in the space following the question.

When a calculator is used, the answer should be given to an appropriate degree of accuracy.

Information for Candidates

A booklet ‘Mathematical Formulae and Statistical Tables’ is provided.

Full marks may be obtained for answers to ALL questions.

The marks for individual questions and the parts of questions are shown in round brackets: e.g. (2).

There are 7 questions in this question paper. The total mark for this paper is 75.

There are 24 pages in this question paper. Any blank pages are indicated.

Advice to Candidates

You must ensure that your answers to parts of questions are clearly labelled.

You should show sufficient working to make your methods clear to the Examiner.

Answers without working may not gain full credit.

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- $$y = 4e^{2x+1}.$$

(a) Find, in terms of $\ln 2$, the x -coordinate of P .

(2)

- (b) Find the equation of the tangent to the curve at the point P in the form $y = ax + b$, where a and b are exact constants to be found.

(4)

[illegible]

Q1

101

(Total 6 marks)



2.

Given that $f(x) = R \cos(x - \alpha)$, where $R > 0$ and $0 < \alpha < \frac{\pi}{2}$,

- (4)

- for $0 \leq x < 2\pi$.

(5)

- (1)

- (2)





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3.

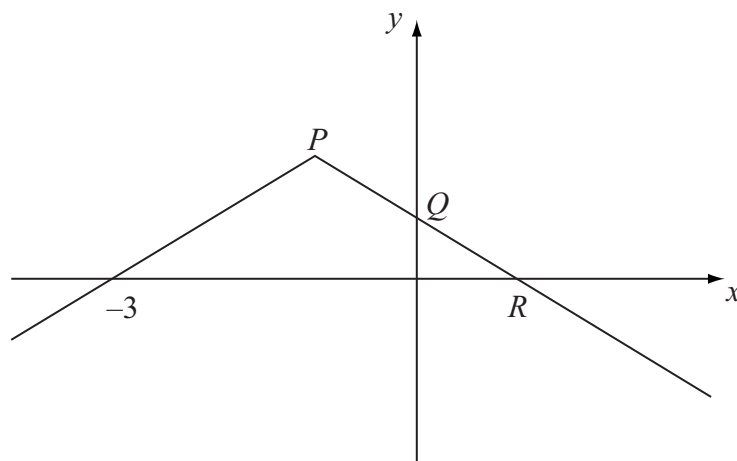


Figure 1

The graph consists of two line segments that meet at the point P .

The graph cuts the y -axis at the point Q and the x -axis at the points $(-3, 0)$ and R .

Sketch, on separate diagrams, the graphs of

- $$(a) \quad y = |f(x)|, \quad (2)$$

- $$(b) \quad y = f(-x).$$

Given that $f(x) = 2 - |x + 1|$,

- (c) find the coordinates of the points P , Q and R ,

- (d) solve $f(x) = \frac{1}{2}x$. (5)





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Question 3 continued

Q3

(Total 12 marks)



4. The function f is defined by

$$f : x \mapsto \frac{2(x-1)}{x^2-2x-3} - \frac{1}{x-3}, \quad x > 3.$$

- (a) Show that $f(x) = \frac{1}{x+1}$, $x > 3$. (4)

- (b) Find the range of f . (2)

- (c) Find $f^{-1}(x)$. State the domain of this inverse function. (3)

The function g is defined by

$$g : x \mapsto 2x^2 - 3, \quad x \in \mathbb{R}.$$

- (d) Solve $fg(x) = \frac{1}{8}$. (3)

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(Total 12 marks)

Q4



Q5

1

(Total 8 marks)







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(Total 14 marks)

Q6



7.

$$f(x) = 3x^3 - 2x - 6$$

- (a) Show that $f(x) = 0$ has a root, α , between $x = 1.4$ and $x = 1.45$

(2)

- (b) Show that the equation $f(x) = 0$ can be written as

$$x = \sqrt{\left(\frac{2}{x} + \frac{2}{3}\right)}, \quad x \neq 0.$$

(3)

- (c) Starting with $x_0=1.43$, use the iteration

$$x_{n+1} = \sqrt{\left(\frac{2}{x_n} + \frac{2}{3}\right)}$$

to calculate the values of x_1 , x_2 and x_3 , giving your answers to 4 decimal places.

(3)

- (d) By choosing a suitable interval, show that $\alpha = 1.435$ is correct to 3 decimal places.

(3)

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Q7

(Total 11 marks)

TOTAL FOR PAPER: 75 MARKS

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