

Centre No.						Paper Reference							Surname	Initial(s)
Candidate No.						6	6	6	3	/	0	1	Signature	

Paper Reference(s)

6663/01

Edexcel GCE

Core Mathematics C1

Advanced Subsidiary

Monday 10 January 2011 – Morning

Time: 1 hour 30 minutes

Examiner's use only

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Team Leader's use only

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Materials required for examination

Mathematical Formulae (Pink)

Items included with question papers

Nil

Calculators may NOT be used in this examination.

Instructions to Candidates

In the boxes above, write your centre number, candidate number, your surname, initials and signature.

Check that you have the correct question paper.

Answer ALL the questions.

You must write your answer to each question in the space following the question.

Information for Candidates

A booklet ‘Mathematical Formulae and Statistical Tables’ is provided.

Full marks may be obtained for answers to ALL questions.

The marks for individual questions and the parts of questions are shown in round brackets: e.g. (2).

There are 11 questions in this question paper. The total mark for this paper is 75.

There are 24 pages in this question paper. Any blank pages are indicated.

Advice to Candidates

You must ensure that your answers to parts of questions are clearly labelled.

You should show sufficient working to make your methods clear to the Examiner.

Answers without working may not gain full credit.

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Q1

- 2



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2. Find

$$\int (12x^5 - 3x^2 + 4x^{\frac{1}{3}}) \, dx$$

giving each term in its simplest form.

(5)

Q2

(Total 5 marks)



Q3

104

(Total 4 marks)



4. A sequence a_1, a_2, a_3, \dots is defined by

$$a_1 = 2$$

$$a_{n+1} = 3a_n - c$$

where c is a constant.

- (a) Find an expression for a_2 in terms of c .

(1)

Given that $\sum_{i=1}^3 a_i = 0$

- (b) find the value of c .

(4)

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(Total 5 marks)

Q4



5.

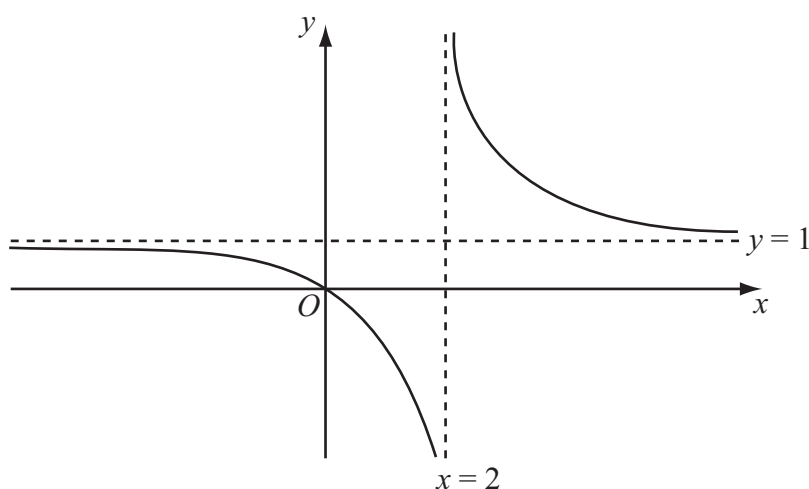
**Figure 1**

Figure 1 shows a sketch of the curve with equation $y = f(x)$ where

$$f(x) = \frac{x}{x-2}, \quad x \neq 2$$

The curve passes through the origin and has two asymptotes, with equations $y = 1$ and $x = 2$, as shown in Figure 1.

- (a) In the space below, sketch the curve with equation $y = f(x-1)$ and state the equations of the asymptotes of this curve.

(3)

- (b) Find the coordinates of the points where the curve with equation $y = f(x-1)$ crosses the coordinate axes.

(4)

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Question 5 continued

Q5

(Total 7 marks)



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(4)

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(Total 7 marks)

Q6

7. The curve with equation $y = f(x)$ passes through the point $(-1, 0)$.

$$f'(x) = 12x^2 - 8x + 1$$

find $f(x)$.

(5)

Q7

1001

(Total 5 marks)



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(4)

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(Total 7 marks)

Q8

9. The line L_1 has equation $2y - 3x - k = 0$, where k is a constant.

Given that the point $A(1, 4)$ lies on L_1 , find

- (b) the gradient of L_1 .

The line L_2 passes through A and is perpendicular to L_1 .

- The line L_2 crosses the x -axis at the point B .

- (e) Find the exact length of AB . (2)

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(Total 11 marks)

Q9

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10. (a) On the axes below, sketch the graphs of

(i) $y = x(x+2)(3-x)$

(ii) $y = -\frac{2}{x}$

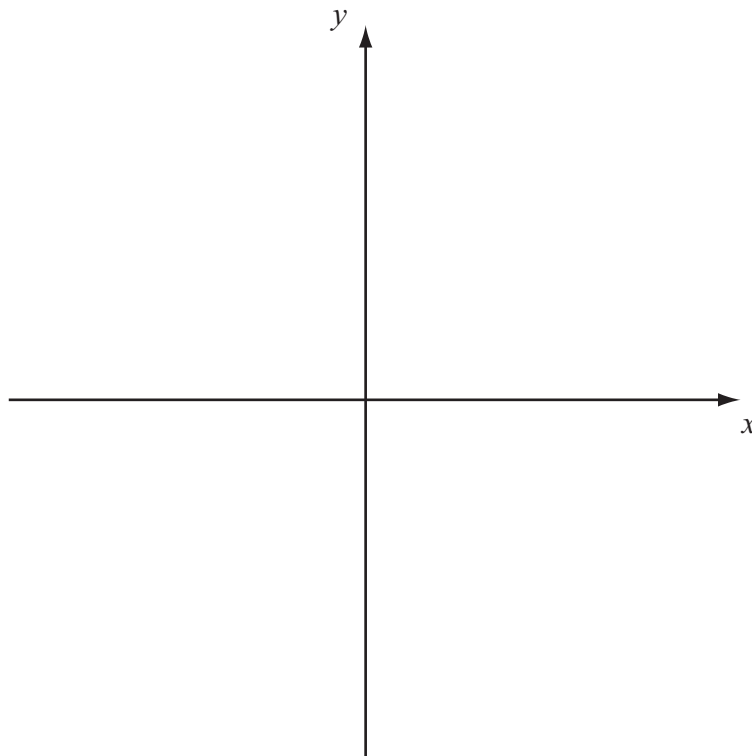
showing clearly the coordinates of all the points where the curves cross the coordinate axes.

(6)

(b) Using your sketch state, giving a reason, the number of real solutions to the equation

$$x(x+2)(3-x) + \frac{2}{x} = 0$$

(2)



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Question 10 continued

Q10

(Total 8 marks)



11. The curve C has equation

$$y = \frac{1}{2}x^3 - 9x^{\frac{3}{2}} + \frac{8}{x} + 30, \quad x > 0$$

- (a) Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$. (4)
- (b) Show that the point $P(4, -8)$ lies on C . (2)
- (c) Find an equation of the normal to C at the point P , giving your answer in the form $ax + by + c = 0$, where a , b and c are integers. (6)

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(Total 12 marks)

Q11

TOTAL FOR PAPER: 75 MARKS

END

