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Surname

Other names

Pearson Edexcel
International
Advanced Level

Centre Number

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Candidate Number

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Core Mathematics C1

Advanced Subsidiary



Monday 13 January 2014 – Morning

Time: 1 hour 30 minutes

Paper Reference

6663A/01**You must have:**

Mathematical Formulae and Statistical Tables (Pink)

Total Marks

Calculators may NOT be used in this examination.**Instructions**

- Use **black** ink or ball-point pen.
- If pencil is used for diagrams/sketches/graphs it must be dark (HB or B). Coloured pencils and highlighter pens must not be used.
- **Fill in the boxes** at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer **all** questions and ensure that your answers to parts of questions are clearly labelled.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided
– *there may be more space than you need.*
- You should show sufficient working to make your methods clear. Answers without working may not gain full credit.

Information

- The total mark for this paper is 75.
- The marks for **each** question are shown in brackets
– *use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.*

Advice

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Try to answer every question.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.

Turn over ►

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(Total 4 marks)

Q1



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2.

$$y = 2x^2 - \frac{4}{\sqrt{x}} + 1, \quad x > 0$$

- (a) Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$, giving each term in its simplest form.

(3)

- (b) Find $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2}$, giving each term in its simplest form.

(2)

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(Total 5 marks)

Q2



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(Total 7 marks)

Q3



4.

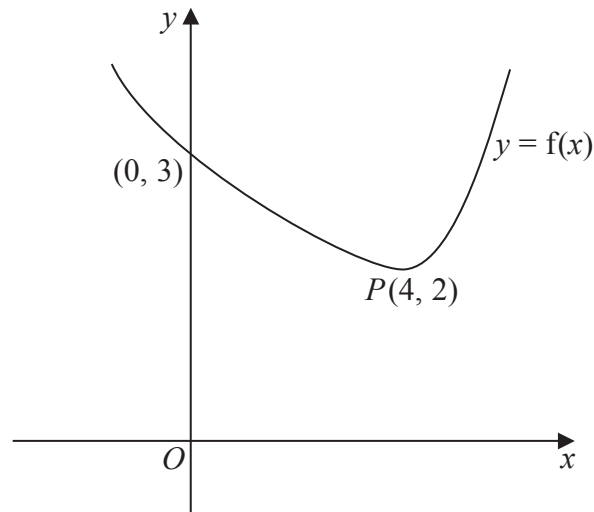
**Figure 1**

Figure 1 shows a sketch of a curve with equation $y = f(x)$.

The curve crosses the y -axis at $(0, 3)$ and has a minimum at $P(4, 2)$.

On separate diagrams, sketch the curve with equation

(a) $y = f(x + 4)$, (2)

(b) $y = 2f(x)$. (2)

On each diagram, show clearly the coordinates of the minimum point and any point of intersection with the y -axis.



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Question 4 continued

Q4

(Total 4 marks)



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- $$\sum_{r=1}^n a_r = 12 + 4n^2$$

- (a) find the value of $\sum_{r=1}^5 a_r$

(2)

- (b) Find the value of a_6

(3)

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(Total 5 marks)

Q5



6.

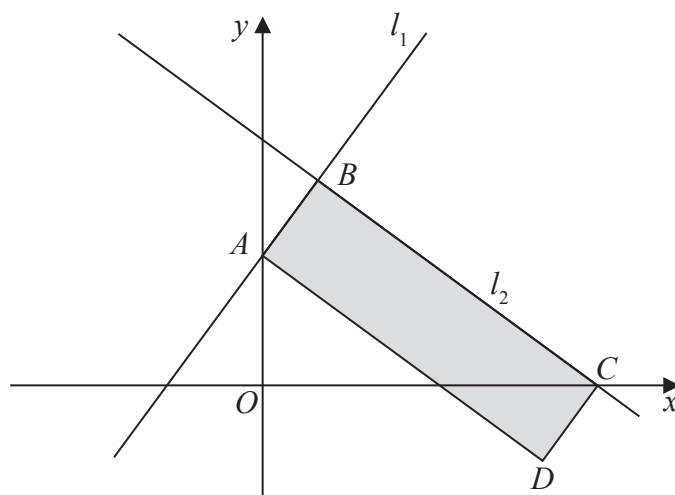


Figure 2

The straight line l_1 has equation $2y = 3x + 7$

The line l_1 crosses the y -axis at the point A as shown in Figure 2.

(a) (i) State the gradient of l_1

(ii) Write down the coordinates of the point A .

(2)

Another straight line l_2 intersects l_1 at the point $B(1, 5)$ and crosses the x -axis at the point C , as shown in Figure 2.

Given that $\angle ABC = 90^\circ$,

(b) find an equation of l_2 in the form $ax + by + c = 0$, where a , b and c are integers.

(4)

The rectangle $ABCD$, shown shaded in Figure 2, has vertices at the points A , B , C and D .

(c) Find the exact area of rectangle $ABCD$.

(5)



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(Total 11 marks)

Q6



7. Shelim starts his new job on a salary of £14 000. He will receive a rise of £1500 a year for each full year that he works, so that he will have a salary of £15 500 in year 2, a salary of £17 000 in year 3 and so on. When Shelim's salary reaches £26 000, he will receive no more rises. His salary will remain at £26 000.

- (b) Find the total amount that Shelim will earn in his job in the first 9 years. (2)

Anna starts her new job at the same time as Shelim on a salary of £ A . She receives a rise of £1000 a year for each full year that she works, so that she has a salary of £($A + 1000$) in year 2, £($A + 2000$) in year 3 and so on. The maximum salary for her job, which is reached in year 10, is also £26 000.

- (c) Find the difference in the total amount earned by Shelim and Anna in the first 10 years.
- (6)**



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Q7



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(4)



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(Total 7 marks)

Q8



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Question 9 continued

Q9

(Total 12 marks)



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- (a) Show that an equation of the tangent to C at the point P is $y = 3x - 5$

(5)

Given that the tangent to C at Q is parallel to the tangent to C at P ,

- (b) find the coordinates of the point Q .

(5)

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Q10

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