



**BLANK PAGE**





















Leave  
blank

**Question 4 continued**

Lined writing area for the answer to Question 4.

Q4

**(Total 7 marks)**



Leave blank

5. The circle  $C$  has equation

$$x^2 + y^2 - 20x - 24y + 195 = 0$$

The centre of  $C$  is at the point  $M$ .

(a) Find

- (i) the coordinates of the point  $M$ ,
- (ii) the radius of the circle  $C$ .

(5)

$N$  is the point with coordinates  $(25, 32)$ .

(b) Find the length of the line  $MN$ .

(2)

The tangent to  $C$  at a point  $P$  on the circle passes through point  $N$ .

(c) Find the length of the line  $NP$ .

(2)

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---







Leave blank

Question 5 continued

Ruled area for writing the answer to Question 5. The area contains approximately 28 horizontal lines.

Q5

(Total 9 marks)







Leave  
blank

**Question 6 continued**

Lined area for writing the answer to Question 6.





Leave blank

**Question 6 continued**

Lined area for writing answers.

**(Total 7 marks)**

**Q6**



Leave blank

7.

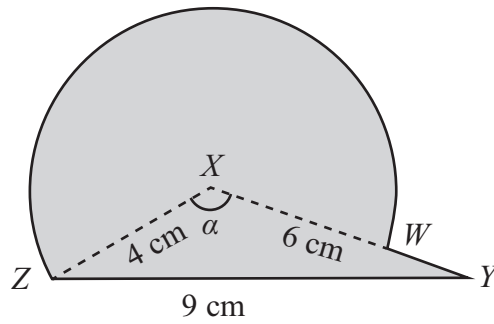


Figure 1

The triangle  $XYZ$  in Figure 1 has  $XY = 6 \text{ cm}$ ,  $YZ = 9 \text{ cm}$ ,  $ZX = 4 \text{ cm}$  and angle  $ZXY = \alpha$ . The point  $W$  lies on the line  $XY$ .

The circular arc  $ZW$ , in Figure 1 is a major arc of the circle with centre  $X$  and radius  $4 \text{ cm}$ .

(a) Show that, to 3 significant figures,  $\alpha = 2.22$  radians. (2)

(b) Find the area, in  $\text{cm}^2$ , of the major sector  $XZWX$ . (3)

The region enclosed by the major arc  $ZW$  of the circle and the lines  $WY$  and  $YZ$  is shown shaded in Figure 1.

Calculate

(c) the area of this shaded region, (3)

(d) the perimeter  $ZWYZ$  of this shaded region. (4)

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---



Leave blank

Question 7 continued

Lined area for writing the answer to Question 7.







Leave  
blank

8. The curve  $C$  has equation  $y = 6 - 3x - \frac{4}{x^3}$ ,  $x \neq 0$
- (a) Use calculus to show that the curve has a turning point  $P$  when  $x = \sqrt{2}$  **(4)**
  - (b) Find the  $x$ -coordinate of the other turning point  $Q$  on the curve. **(1)**
  - (c) Find  $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2}$ . **(1)**
  - (d) Hence or otherwise, state with justification, the nature of each of these turning points  $P$  and  $Q$ . **(3)**

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---





Leave blank

Question 8 continued

Lined area for writing answers, containing numerous horizontal lines.







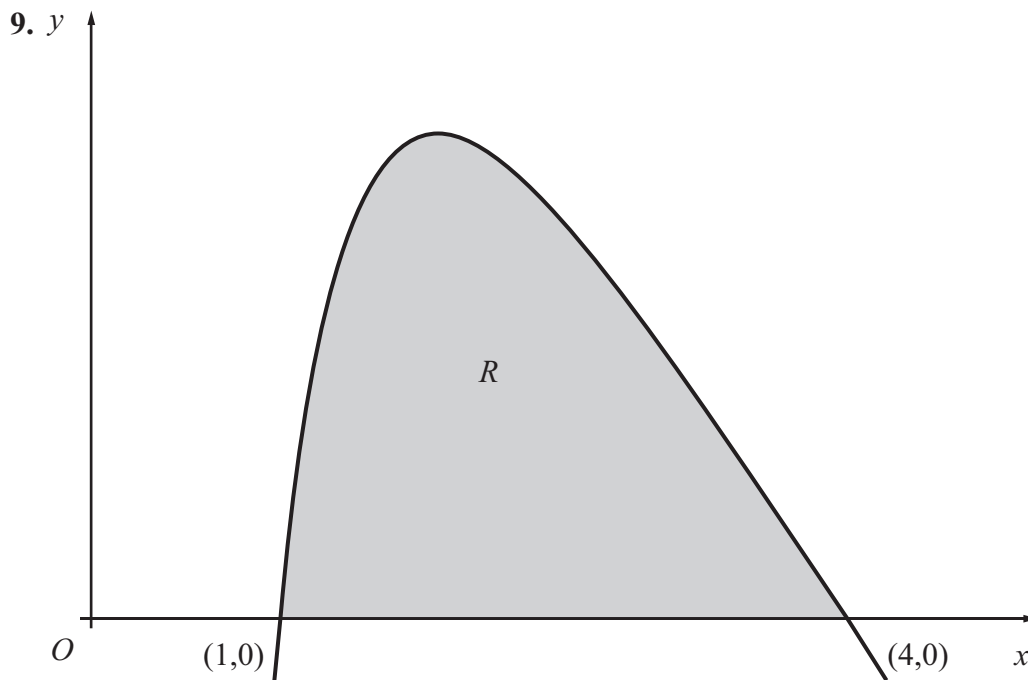


Figure 2

The finite region  $R$ , as shown in Figure 2, is bounded by the  $x$ -axis and the curve with equation

$$y = 27 - 2x - 9\sqrt{x} - \frac{16}{x^2}, \quad x > 0$$

The curve crosses the  $x$ -axis at the points  $(1, 0)$  and  $(4, 0)$ .

(a) Complete the table below, by giving your values of  $y$  to 3 decimal places.

$x$	1	1.5	2	2.5	3	3.5	4
$y$	0	5.866		5.210		1.856	0

(2)

(b) Use the trapezium rule with all the values in the completed table to find an approximate value for the area of  $R$ , giving your answer to 2 decimal places.

(4)

(c) Use integration to find the exact value for the area of  $R$ .

(6)

---



---



---



---



---









