Past Paper (Mark Scheme)



Mark Scheme (Results)

October 2018

Pearson Edexcel IAL Accounting
In Accounting (WAC11)
Paper 01 The Accounting System and Costing

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Accounting Unit 1
WAC01 or WAC11

Past Paper (Mark Scheme)

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General Marking Guidance

- All candidates must receive the same treatment. Examiners must mark the first candidate in exactly the same way as they mark the last.
- Mark schemes should be applied positively. Candidates must be rewarded for what they have shown they can do rather than penalised for omissions.
- Examiners should mark according to the mark scheme not according to their perception of where the grade boundaries may lie.
- There is no ceiling on achievement. All marks on the mark scheme should be used appropriately.
- All the marks on the mark scheme are designed to be awarded. Examiners should always award full marks if deserved, i.e. if the answer matches the mark scheme. Examiners should also be prepared to award zero marks if the candidate's response is not worthy of credit according to the mark scheme.
- Where some judgement is required, mark schemes will provide the principles by which marks will be awarded and exemplification may be limited.
- When examiners are in doubt regarding the application of the mark scheme to a candidate's response, the team leader must be consulted.
- Crossed out work should be marked UNLESS the candidate has replaced it with an alternative response.

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WAC01 or WAC11

Question Number	Answer	Mark
1 (a)(i)	AO1 (6), AO2 (7) AO1: Six marks for transferring balances to the income statement. AO2: Seven marks for adjusting balances and transferring to the income statement.	
		(13)

Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income for the year ended 30 September 2018

£ £

Revenue 430 000

Opening inventory 22 000 Purchases 285 000

Carriage inwards <u>1 500</u> **(1)AO1**

308 500

Goods taken by owner (drawings) (400) (1) AO1

308 100

Closing inventory (17 100)

Cost of sales (<u>291 000</u>) **(10f) AO2**

Gross profit 139 000

Commission receivable (4 700+1 300) _______ 6 000 **(1)AO2**

145 000

Less

Depreciation – Premises 3 000 (1) AO2

Equipment 4 000 (1)AO2 Fixtures and fittings 2 000 (1)AO2

Wages 82 000 **(1)AO1**

Rates (12 000 – 900) 11 100 **(1)AO2**Carriage outwards 9 650 **(1)AO1**Insurance 7 200 **(1)AO1**

Equipment repairs 2 450 (1)AO1
General expenses 14 300 (1)AO1

(135 700)

Profit for the year 9 300

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Question Number	Answer	Mark
1 (a)(ii)	AO1 (5), AO2 (7) AO1: Five marks for transferring balances to the financial position statement. AO2: Seven marks for balances requiring adjustment/ or correct treatment in the financial position statement.	
		(12)

Statement of Financial Position at 30 September 2018

Non-current a	assets
---------------	--------

	Cost	Accumulated depreciation	Carrying value
	£	£	£
Premises	150 000	50 000	100 000 (1of)AO2
Equipment	24 000	12 000	12 000 (1of)AO2
Fixtures and fittings	<u>20 000</u>	14 000	6 000 (1of)AO2
	194 000	76 000	118 000

Current assets

Inventory 17 100 (1of)AO1
Trade receivables 6 150 (1)AO1

Other receivables (900(1)AO2+1 300(1)AO2) 2 200

Cash and bank <u>5 900 **(1)AO1**</u> _____

<u>31 350</u>

Total assets <u>149 350</u>

 Capital
 120 000

 Profit for the year
 9 300

 129 300

Drawings (16 350 **(1)AO1** +400 **(1)AO2**) <u>(16 750)</u>

112 550 **(1of)AO2**

Current liabilities

Trade payables <u>36 800 (1)AO1</u>

Capital and liabilities <u>36 800</u> 149 350 **www.mystudybro.com**This resource was created and owned by Pearson Edexcel

Question Number	Answer	Mark
1 (b)	AO1 (4), AO2 (5) AO1: Four marks for transferring given balances to the bank account. AO2: Five marks for deriving and transferring balances to the bank account.	
		(9)

Bank Account

Date	Details	£	Date	Details	£
2017			2017		
1 October	Balance	5 900	October	Trade	18 400
	b/d			payables	(1)AO2
October	Equipment	7 800		Staff	9 000
	sale	(1)AO1		redundancy	(1)AO2
	Fixtures	800		New fixtures	8 500
	sale	(1)AO2			(1)AO1
	Inventory	17 100		Refurbishment	10 000
	sale	(1of)AO2			(1)AO2
	Trade	6 150		Running costs	<u>8 000</u>
	receivables	(1)AO1			(1)AO1
31	Balance	<u>16 150</u>			
October	c/d				
		<u>53 900</u>	_		<u>53 900</u>
		_	1 November	Balance b/d	16 150
		_			_

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Question Number	Answer	Mark
1 (c)	AO1 (2), AO2 (3), AO3(4) AO1: Two marks for transferring given balances. AO2: Three marks for balances requiring adjustment or calculation. AO3: Four marks for balances requiring two stage calculation.	
		(9)

Forecast Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income for the year ended 30 September 2019

£ £

Revenue (1 500 x 47 x£5) 352 500 **(1)AO3**

Cost of sales (70 500) (10f)AO3 if 20% Gross profit 282 000 (10f)AO2 if 80%

less

Running costs 90 000 (1)AO1
Depreciation- premises 3 400 (1)AO2
fixtures 1 850 (1)AO2
Loss on sale of equipment 4 200 (1)AO3

Loss on sale of fixtures 2 200 **(1)AO3**Redundancy costs 9 000 **(1)AO1**

Forecast profit for the year (110 650)

Past Paper (Mark Scheme)

Level	Mark	Descriptor
	0	A completely incorrect response.
Level 1	1-3	Isolated elements of knowledge and understanding recall based. Weak or no relevant application to the scenario set. Generic assertions may be present.
Level 2	4 - 6	Elements of knowledge and understanding, which are applied to the scenario. Chains of reasoning are present, but may be incomplete or invalid. A generic or superficial assessment is present.
Level 3	7 - 9	Accurate and thorough understanding, supported throughout by relevant application to the scenario. Some analytical perspectives are present, with developed chains of reasoning, showing causes and/or effects. An attempt at an assessment is presented, using financial and non-financial information, in an appropriate format and communicates reasoned explanations.
Level 4	10 - 12	Accurate and thorough knowledge and understanding, supported throughout by relevant and effective application to the scenario. A coherent and logical chain of reasoning, showing causes and effects. Assessment is balanced, wide ranging and well contextualised using financial and non-financial information and makes informed recommendations and decisions.

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Question Number	Answer	Mark
2 (a)	AO1 (6), AO2 (8), AO3 (1) AO1: Six marks for transferring balances. AO2: Eight marks for balances requiring. Adjustment. AO3: One mark for calculation of depreciation.	(15)

Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income for the year ended 30 September 2018

£ £

Revenue 48 750(1)AO1 + 8 700 – 5 250 52 200 (1of)AO2

Less

Opening inventory 3 600

Purchases 15 300 + 3 200(1)AO1+ 6 100 - 3 900 20 700(1of)AO2

24 300

Closing inventory (4 400) (1)AO1

Cost of sales (19 900) (10f)AO2

Gross profit 32 300

plus

Rent receivable 900 + 75 975 **(1)AO2**

Commission receivable <u>2 450 (1)AO1</u>

35 725

Less

Wages 19 420 – 570**(1)AO2** – 6000 **(1)AO2** 12 850

Rent, rates and insurance 600 +9 900 - 200 10 300 **(1)AO2**

Depreciation non-current assets 3 500 (1)AO3

General expenses 1 900 (1)AO1

Interest on bank loan 375 (1)AO2

(28 925)

Profit for the year <u>6 800</u> (1of)

AO1

Question Number	Answer	Mark
2 (b)	AO2 (7), AO3 (1) AO2: Seven marks for correct figures in formula and calculation. AO3: One mark for establishing correct credit purchases.	
		(8)

Current ratio	4 400 + 8 700 + 200 (1)AO2 = 1.67:1 (1)AO2 6 100 + 1 500 + 375
Liquid ratio(acid test)	8 700 + 200 = 1.11:1 (1)AO2 6 100 + 1 500 + 375 (1)AO2
Trade receivables collection period (in days)	8 700 x 365 (1)AO2 = 60.8 days (1)AO2 52 200
Trade payables payment period (in days)	6 100 x 365 = 127.2 days (1)AO2 17 500 (1)AO3

Question Number	Answer	Mark
2 (c)	AO2 (2), AO3(2) AO2: Two marks for comparing with benchmarks. AO3: Two marks for comments of valid comments on length of collection and payment periods.	
	Own figure rule applies.	
	Valid comments may include:	
	The current ratio is within the 'benchmark' level of	
	1.5-2:1/the liquidity of the business is sufficient.	
	(1)AO2	
	The liquid ratio is above the benchmark level of	
	0.7-1:1/there is a small element of idle funds. (1)AO2	
	Trade receivables collection period is too long at 60.8 days/effective credit control needs to be introduced. (1)AO3	
	Trade payments payment period is very long	
	when it is taking 127 days or 4 months to pay	
	suppliers/this is a risk to the supply of goods. (1)AO3	
	NOT	
	A non-qualitative description e.g. up, down,	
	higher, lower	(4)

Question	Answer	Mark
Number		
2 (d)	AO1 (3)	
	AO1: Three marks for stating possible	
	reasons.	
	Possible reasons:	
	More money tied up in inventory	
	Non-current assets purchased	
	More money tied up in trade receivables/payment	
	too slow	
	Higher expenses/drawings	
	(1)AO1 x 3	
		(3)

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Question Number	Answer	Mark
2 (e)	AO1 (2), AO2 (8) AO1: Two marks for recording cost per bag. AO2: Eight marks for calculating correct costs under each category.	
		(10)

Option 1

Option 2

	Production	Production
	1 000 leather bags	3 000 leather bags
	£	£
Raw materials	4 000 (1)AO2	12 000 (1)AO2
Labour	10 000 (1)AO2	20 000 (1)AO2
Supervision and quality control	9 000 (1)AO2	18 000 (1)AO2
Production overheads	7 000 (1)AO2	11 000 (1)AO2
Total Production Cost	30 000	61 000
Cost per leather bag (£)	30 (1of)AO1	20.33 (1of)AO1

Past Paper (Mark Scheme)

Question Number	Answer	Mark
2 (f)	AO2 (3) AO2: Three marks for applying characteristics to establish cost category.	
	Raw material Variable (1)AO2 Labour Semi-variable (1)AO2 Supervision and quality control Semi-fixed(1)AO2	
		(3)

Question Number	Indicat	tive Content	Mark	
2 (g)	AO1 (1), AO2 (1), AO3 (5), AO4 (5)		
	Points	in favour of Padma manufacturing		
	own le This w Profita manufa averag Manufa Quality	heaper on the face of it to manufacture her eather bags, £30 compared to £35 per bag. ill increase profitability. bility can be further increased if Padma factures leather bags for other retailers as the ge cost of all bags will fall to £19 acture and supply will be under her control y can be guaranteed. with non-supply of bags will be removed.		
	Points	against Padma manufacturing		
	compa product supply If she double make i Does F embar manufa The es she ma Withou aspect Decision Candido a good	ving by manufacturing is marginal £30 red to £35. Padma will have to deal with all ction issues such as labour disputes and of materials. expands into production the lack of a proper entry set of books will limit her ability to management decisions. Padma have the cash/finance in place to k on this development?/cost of setting up the acturing process. It imates may turn out to be understated and ay be unable to resolve production difficulties. It manufacturing can concentrate on other is of the business such as selling.		
Level	Mark	Descriptor	(12)	
LCVCI		·		
	0	A completely incorrect response.		
Level 1	1-3	Isolated elements of knowledge and understar recall based. Weak or no relevant application to the scenari Generic assertions may be present.	_	

Level 2	4 - 6	Elements of knowledge and understanding, which are applied to the scenario. Chains of reasoning are present, but may be incomplete or invalid. A generic or superficial assessment is present.
Level 3	7 - 9	Accurate and thorough understanding, supported throughout by relevant application to the scenario. Some analytical perspectives are present, with developed chains of reasoning, showing causes and/or effects. An attempt at an assessment is presented, using financial and non-financial information, in an appropriate format and communicates reasoned explanations.
Level 4	10 - 12	Accurate and thorough knowledge and understanding, supported throughout by relevant and effective application to the scenario. A coherent and logical chain of reasoning, showing causes and effects. Assessment is balanced, wide ranging and well contextualised using financial and non-financial information and makes informed recommendations and decisions.

Question	Answer	Mark
Number		
3 (a)	AO1 (5), AO2 (12), AO3(3)	
	AO1: Five marks for calculating balances.	
	A02: Twelve marks for correct adjustment figure or final balance.	
	AO3: Three marks for depreciation and	
	allowance for doubtful debts.	
		(20)

Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income for the year ended 30 August 2018

	Draft	Adjustment	Corrected
	£		£
Revenue	85 000	+3 600 (1) AO2 -900 (1) AO2	87 700 (1of) AO3
Cost of sales	(39 000)	-550 (1) AO2	(38 450) (1of) AO1
Gross profit	46 000		49 250
Less			
Wages and salaries	18 400	+3 800 (1) AO2 +250 (1) AO2	22 450 (1of) AO2
Rent and rates	4 000	+600 (1) AO2	4 600 (1of) AO1
Bank interest and charges	3 000	-1 160 (1) AO2	1 840 (1of) AO1
Depreciation	7 500	-2 000 (1) AO3	5 500 (1of) AO1
General expenses	5 900	-600 (1) AO2 +75 (1) AO2	5 375 (1of) AO2
Allowance for doubtful debts increase	100	-10 (1) AO3	<u>90</u> (1of) AO2
	<u>38 900</u>		<u>39 855</u>
Profit for the year	<u>7 100</u>		<u>9 395</u> (1) AO1

Adjustment (1) mark for correct figure

Corrected balance (1of) mark for correct adjustment, figure and orientation.

Answer	Mark
AO1 (4)	
AO1: Four marks for explaining the terms.	
The Suspense Account will be opened with the	
difference in the value of the debits and	
credits in the trial balance/because not all	
transactions have a debit and credit entry of equal	
value (1) AO1 as errors are located the Suspense	
Account will be debited or credited with the	
individual differences found. (1) AO1	
The Journal is a book of prime entry (1) AO1	
which will be used for the authorisation of the	
entries to be made to correct the double	
entry/record the correction. (1) AO1	(4)
	AO1 (4) AO1: Four marks for explaining the terms. The Suspense Account will be opened with the difference in the value of the debits and credits in the trial balance/because not all transactions have a debit and credit entry of equal value (1) AO1 as errors are located the Suspense Account will be debited or credited with the individual differences found. (1) AO1 The Journal is a book of prime entry (1) AO1 which will be used for the authorisation of the entries to be made to correct the double

Question Number	Indicativ	Mark				
3 (c)	AO2 (1)	, AO3 (2), AO4 (3)				
	Points in	favour of preparation with errors				
	achieved This may danger tl	Gives an indication of the profit that has been achieved. This may assist decision making, but there is the danger that important decisions may be made on incorrect information.				
	Points ag	gainst preparation with errors				
	The resu upon ded The work are locat cost.					
	Decision Candidat preparat errors. C with an a					
	NOT A discuss	sion about errors.	(6)			
Level	Mark	Descriptor				
	0	A completely incorrect response.				
Level 1	1-2 Isolated elements of knowledge and understanding whare recall based. Generic assertions may be present. Weak or no relevant application to the scenario set.					

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Past Paper (Mark Scheme)

Level 2	3-4	Elements of knowledge and understanding, which are applied to the scenario. Some analysis is present, with developed chains of reasoning, showing causes and/or effects applied to the scenario, although these may be incomplete or invalid. An attempt at an evaluation is presented, using financial and perhaps non-financial information, with a decision.
Level 3	5-6	Accurate and thorough knowledge and understanding. Application to the scenario is relevant and effective. A coherent and logical chain of reasoning, showing causes and effects is present. Evaluation is balanced and wide ranging, using financial and perhaps non-financial information and an appropriate decision is made.

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Question Number	Answer	Mark
4 (a)(i)	AO1 (2), AO2 (5), AO3(1) AO1: Two marks for narratives and balances without calculation. AO2: Five marks for calculated balances and correct posting. AO3: One mark for calculated balances with correct posting.	
		(8)

Journal

Date	Details	Dr	Cr	
2018	Details	f	f	
		<u>-</u>	ᆫ	
30 March	Bank	1 800 (1) AO3		
	Bad debts	1 200 (1) AO2		
	Smith and sons		3 000 (1) AO2	
Received p	part payment of debt, balance	written off as irreco	verable. (1) AO1	
15 June	Bank	250 (1) AO2		
	Arca		250	
	Arca	250 (1) AO2		
	Bad debts recovered		250 (1) AO2	
Recovered	Recovered part of debt from Arca written off as irrecoverable in previous year.			

Question Number	Answer	Mark
4 (a)(ii)	AO2 (4), AO3(1) AO2: Four marks for calculated balances and correct posting to account. AO3: One mark for transfer to income statement.	
		(5)

Bad Debts Account

Date	Details	£	Date	Details	£
2018			2018		
4 January	Jegun	500 (1) AO2	31 August	Income statement	2 300 (1of) AO3
30 March	Smith and sons	1 200 (1) AO2			
19 May	Nuri	350 (1) AO2			
3 June	Ng	<u>250</u> (1) AO2			
		<u>2 300</u>			<u>2 300</u>

Question Number	Answer	Mark
4 (a)(iii)	AO1 (1), AO2 (2), AO1: One mark for narratives and balances without calculation. AO2: Two marks for calculated balances and correct posting.	
		(3)

Bad Debts Recovered Account

Date	Details	£	Date	Details	£
2018			2018		
31	Income	250 (1)	15 June	Bank/Arca	250 (1) AO2
August	statement	AO2		(1) AO1	
		<u>250</u>			<u>250</u>

Question Number	Answer	Mark
4 (a)(iv)	AO1 (2), AO2 (1), AO3(1) AO1: Two marks for narratives and balances without calculation. AO2: One mark for calculated closing balance and correct posting. AO3: One mark for calculated income statement transfer with correct use.	
		(4)

Allowance for Doubtful Debts Account

Date	Details	£	Date	Details	£
2018			2017		
31	Income	250 (1of)	1 September	Balance	1 100 (1)
August	statement	AO3		b/d	AO1
	Balance	850 (1) AO2			
	c/d				
		<u>1 100</u>			<u>1 100</u>
			2018		
			1 September	Balance	850 (1of)
				b/d	AO1

Question Number	Answer	Mark
4 (b)	AO1 (4) AO1: Four marks for valid points about credit control. Valid points may include: • Before supplying goods on credit a credit	
	 worthiness check should be made of the buyer A credit limit should be set based upon the buyer's credit worthiness Goods should be promptly invoiced Statements provided to the buyer on a monthly basis 	
	 Unpaid debts 'followed up' after one month outstanding Constant monitoring of aged debts with personal contact (telephone call) where debts are up to two months old 	
	 Restriction of further credit where debts remain unpaid for well over one month Legal intervention only if debt is circa three months old and no movement towards payment. 	
	(1) AO1 x 4 valid points NOT Give cash discount. Give trade discount.	
		(4)

Question Number	Indicativ	e Content	Mark	
4 (c)	AO2 (1)	, AO3 (2), AO4 (3)		
	Points in	Points in favour of allowance for doubtful debts		
	allowance	Insures that profits are more realistic, because an illowance will be made of possible bad debts from the ales of the current period.		
	Complies profits.	with the prudence concept in not overstating		
	Points in	favour of writing off bad debts as they occur		
	will be.	oe based upon estimates, as the allowance on actual bad debts if they occur.		
	for doubt	ates may be in favour or against the allowance obtained by the allowance of the state of the sta		
	Time con Easier.	suming.	(6)	
Level	Mark	Descriptor		
	0	A completely incorrect response.		
Level 1	1-2	Isolated elements of knowledge and understanding which are recall based. Generic assertions may be present. Weak or no relevant application to the scenario set.		
Level 2	3-4	Elements of knowledge and understanding, which are applied to the scenario. Some analysis is present, with developed chains of reasoning, showing causes and/or effects applied to the scenario, although these may be incomplete or invalid. An attempt at an evaluation is presented, using financial and perhaps non-financial information, with a decision.		
Level 3	5-6	Accurate and thorough knowledge and undapplication to the scenario is relevant and a coherent and logical chain of reasoning, scauses and effects is present.	effective.	

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Evaluation is balanced and wide ranging, using financial
and perhaps non-financial information and an appropriate
decision is made.

Question Number	Answer	Mark
5 (a)	AO1 (5), AO2 (12), AO3 (3)	
	AO1: Five marks for headings or posting given balances.	
	A02: Twelve marks for adjusting and posting balances.	
	AO3: Three marks for applying inventory	
	valuation to derive balances.	
		(20)

Manufacturing Account for the month of July 2018

	Table	es	Ch	nairs
	£	£	£	£
Raw materials				
Wood	15 600 (2)AO3		10 400	
			(1)AO2	
Fittings	5 550(1)AO3		<u>3 000</u>	
			(1)AO2	
Cost of raw		21 150		13 400
materials				
Direct labour		4 320		6 480
		(1)AO2		(2)AO2
Prime costs		25 470		19 880
(1)AO1				
Factory				
Overheads:				
Indirect labour	480 (1)AO1		2 160	
			(1of)AO2	
Production	1 500 (1)AO2		2 400	
supervisor			(1)AO2	
Depreciation	2 400 (1)AO2		4 200	
	0.000(4) 1.04		(1)AO2	
Other overheads	3 000 (1)AO1		4 500	
		7.000	(1)AO1	12.270
Mank in property		7 380		13 260
Work in progress:	4.000		F 200	
1 July 2018	4 000		5 200	
31 July 2018	(3 850)	450	(6 160)	(0(0)
		150		(960)
		(1)AO2		(1)AO2
Production cost		22 000		22 100
(1)AO1		<u>33 000</u>		<u>32 180</u>
CIJACI				

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Workings

Wood for table

Wood $(200@£100 + 50@120)=26\ 000\ (1)AO3\ x_{150} = 15\ 600\ (1)AO3$ 250

Wood for chairs $26\ 000 - 15\ 600 = 10\ 400$

Table fittings (90 @ £25 + 110@£30) = £5 550 Chair fittings 300@£10 = 3 000

Labour

Table

 $5 \times 160 \text{ hrs } \times £6 = £4 \times 800 \times 90\% = £4 \times 320$

Chair

 $8 \times (160@£6 + 15@£8) = 8 640(1)AO2 \times 75\% = 6 480 (1)AO2$

Depreciation

Tables 160 x 5 = 800 x £3 = £2 400 Chairs 175 x 8 = $\frac{1400}{200}$ x £3 = $\frac{£4200}{£6600}$

Question Number	Answer	Mark
5 (b)	AO1 (4) AO1: Four marks for distinguishing valuation from rotation. Inventory valuation – inventory must be valued at cost. (1)AO1 The valuation of the inventory may depend upon the assumptions made about the value of the receipts and issues made in an accounting period/it is a theoretical value e.g. FIFO/LIFO. (1)AO1 Inventory rotation – rotation relates to the physical movement of inventory being received and issued from the stores. (1)AO1 In this respect a business will generally issue its oldest inventory first to avoid deterioration/obsolescence. (1)AO1	
		(4)

Question Number	Indicativ	Mark		
5 (c)	AO2 (1) Points in The apprinventory made in Periodic of reflect r falling ra			
	It is a simpler approach because issue prices will probably be constant for the period. Issue costs will not be changing every day . Decision Candidates may be in favour or against the use of perpetual inventory valuation. Candidate's conclusion should be supported with an appropriate rationale. (6)			
Level	Mark	Descriptor		
	0	A completely incorrect response.		
Level 1	1-2	Isolated elements of knowledge and understanding which are recall based. Generic assertions may be present. Weak or no relevant application to the scenario set.		
		Generic assertions may be present. Weak or no relevant application to the scer	nario set.	
Level 2	3-4	,	which are hains of pplied to the e or invalid. using financial	

Question	Answer	Mark
Number 6 (a)	AO1 (6)	
o (a)	AO1: Six marks for explaining terms.	
	Net realisable value- The estimated	
	receipt/selling price from the sales of the	
	inventory. (1)AO1 Less any costs of	
	completing the goods or costs of selling the goods. (1)AO1	
	Historic cost – All assets and expenses are	
	recorded in the ledger accounts at their actual	
	cost not at market value. (1)AO1 The cost of	
	the inventory is a known fact and can be verified. (1)AO1	
	Realisation- Not recording a profit/revenue	
	(1)AO1 on goods until it has actually been	
	earned by selling the goods. (1)AO1	
		(6)

Question Number	Answer	Mark
6 (b)	AO2 (3) AO2: Three marks for valuing individual elements of inventory.	
	1 July	
	Value	
	££	
	5 Cookers 180 each = 900 (1)AO2	
	8 Fridges 60 each = 480 (1)AO2	
	10 Washing machines 160 each = 1 600 (1) AO2	
	2 980	
		(3)

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Question Number	Answer	Mark
6 (c)	AO2 (6), AO3 (1) AO2: Six marks for valuing individual elements of inventory. AO3: One mark for valuing total closing inventory.	
		(7)

31 July

		Inventory	Purchases	Sales	Inventory	Value (£)
		1 July			31 July	
		Number	Number	Number	Number	
Cookers	Clearance	5		(3)	2	@180 =
						360
						(1)AO2
	New		12	(8)	4	@200 =
						800
						(1)AO2
Fridges	Clearance	8		(5)	3	@60 =
						180
						(1)AO2
	New		10	(6)	4	@100 =
						400
						(1)AO2
Washing	Clearance	10		(4)	6	@160 =
						960 (1)
						AO2
machines	New		15	(12)	3	@200 =
						600
						(1)AO2
						Total =
						3 300
						(1of)
						AO3

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Question Number	Answer	Mark
6 (d)	AO1 (3), AO2(3), AO3(2) AO1: Three marks for transferring previously calculated figures. AO2: Three marks for revenue and cost of sales calculations. AO3: Two marks for purchases and revenue calculations.	
		(8)

Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income for the month ending 31 July 2018

£ £

Revenue 7 070 **(3)AO2/3**

Less

Inventory -1 July 2 980 **(1of)AO1**Purchases 6 400 **(1)AO3**

9 380

Inventory 31 July (3 300) (1of) AO1

Workings

		Revenue		Purchases	
		£	Total £	£	Total £
Cookers	Clearance	3@190	570		
			(1)AO2		
	New	8@240	1 920	12@200	2 400
Fridges	Clearance	5@60	300		
_			(1)AO3		
	New	6@120	720	10@100	1 000
Washing	Clearance	4@170	680		
_			(1)AO2		
machines	New	12@240	2 880	15@200	3 000
			7 070		6 400
					(1)AO3

Note: Revenue allow (1of)AO2 for any three correct in own figure

Question	Indicativ	ndicative Content Mark				
Number						
6 (e)		, AO3 (2), AO4 (3) favour of accounting concepts				
		ensures consistency of approach of organisations.				
		ncial statements can be relied upon by stakeholders.				
	Comparis	sons can be drawn between different es.				
	Points ag	gainst accounting concepts				
	The concepts can be contradictory on occasions. There is a cost implication of employing the skills to prepare the statements complying with the concepts.					
	·	consider non-financial factors.				
	Decision Candidates should generally be positive towards the use of accounting concepts and conventions. Candidate's conclusion should be supported with an appropriate rationale.					
			(6)			
Level	Mark	Descriptor				
	0	A completely incorrect response.				
Level 1	1-2	Isolated elements of knowledge and unders	standing which			
		are recall based.				
		Generic assertions may be present. Weak or no relevant application to the scenario set.				
Level 2	3-4	Elements of knowledge and understanding, which are applied to the scenario. Some analysis is present, with developed chains of reasoning, showing causes and/or effects applied to the				
		scenario, although these may be incomplete	e or invalid.			

Autumn 2018

Accounting Unit 1
WAC01 or WAC11

Past Paper (Mark Scheme)

		An attempt at an evaluation is presented, using financial and perhaps non-financial information, with a decision.
Level 3	5-6	Accurate and thorough knowledge and understanding. Application to the scenario is relevant and effective. A coherent and logical chain of reasoning, showing causes and effects is present. Evaluation is balanced and wide ranging, using financial and perhaps non-financial information and an appropriate decision is made.