

Centre No.						Paper Reference							Surname	Initial(s)
Candidate No.						6	6	6	7	/	0	1	Signature	

Paper Reference(s)

6667/01

Edexcel GCE

Further Pure Mathematics FP1

Advanced/Advanced Subsidiary

Thursday 14 May 2015 – Morning

Time: 1 hour 30 minutes

Examiner's use only

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Team Leader's use only

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[illegible]

Materials required for examination

Mathematical Formulae (Pink)

Items included with question papers

Nil

Candidates may use any calculator allowed by the regulations of the Joint Council for Qualifications. Calculators must not have the facility for symbolic algebra manipulation or symbolic differentiation/integration, or have retrievable mathematical formulae stored in them.

Instructions to Candidates

In the boxes above, write your centre number, candidate number, your surname, initials and signature. Check that you have the correct question paper.

Answer ALL the questions.

You must write your answer to each question in the space following the question.

When a calculator is used, the answer should be given to an appropriate degree of accuracy.

Information for Candidates

A booklet 'Mathematical Formulae and Statistical Tables' is provided.

Full marks may be obtained for answers to ALL questions.

The marks for individual questions and the parts of questions are shown in round brackets: e.g. (2).

There are 8 questions in this question paper. The total mark for this paper is 75.

There are 28 pages in this question paper. Any blank pages are indicated.

Advice to Candidates

You must ensure that your answers to parts of questions are clearly labelled.

You should show sufficient working to make your methods clear to the Examiner.

Answers without working may not gain full credit.

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Question 1 continued

Lined area for writing the answer to Question 1.

(Total 5 marks)

Q1

Mark box for Question 1.



2. In the interval $13 < x < 14$, the equation

$$3 + x \sin \left(\frac{x}{4} \right) = 0, \text{ where } x \text{ is measured in radians,}$$

has exactly one root, α .

- (a) Starting with the interval $[13, 14]$, use interval bisection twice to find an interval of width 0.25 which contains α .

(3)

- (b) Use linear interpolation once on the interval $[13, 14]$ to find an approximate value for α . Give your answer to 3 decimal places.

(4)



Q2

1

(Total 7 marks)



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- $$\sum_{r=1}^n (r+1)(r+4) = \frac{n}{3} (n+4)(n+5)$$

for all positive integers n .

(5)

- (b) Hence show that

$$\sum_{r=n+1}^{2n} (r+1)(r+4) = \frac{n}{3} (n+1)(an+b)$$

where a and b are integers to be found.

(3)

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Q3

1

(Total 8 marks)



4.

$$z_1 = 3i \text{ and } z_2 = \frac{6}{1 + i\sqrt{3}}$$

- (a) Express z_2 in the form $a + ib$, where a and b are real numbers. (2)
- (b) Find the modulus and the argument of z_2 , giving the argument in radians in terms of π . (4)
- (c) Show the three points representing z_1 , z_2 and $(z_1 + z_2)$ respectively, on a single Argand diagram. (2)



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(Total 8 marks)

Q4





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Q5

(Total 9 marks)



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- $$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ -1 & 5 \end{pmatrix}^n = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ -\frac{1}{4}(5^n - 1) & 5^n \end{pmatrix} \quad (6)$$

- $$\sum_{r=1}^n (2r-1)^2 = \frac{1}{3}n(4n^2-1) \quad (6)$$



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Question 6 continued

Handwriting practice area with horizontal lines.



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(Total 12 marks)

Q6



7. (i)

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} 5k & 3k-1 \\ -3 & k+1 \end{pmatrix}, \text{ where } k \text{ is a real constant.}$$

Given that \mathbf{A} is a singular matrix, find the possible values of k .

(4)

$$(\dot{\mathbf{i}}\dot{\mathbf{i}})$$

$$\mathbf{B} = \begin{pmatrix} 10 & 5 \\ -3 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

A triangle T is transformed onto a triangle T' by the transformation represented by the matrix \mathbf{B} .

The vertices of triangle T' have coordinates $(0, 0)$, $(-20, 6)$ and $(10c, 6c)$, where c is a positive constant.

The area of triangle T' is 135 square units.

(a) Find the matrix \mathbf{B}^{-1}

(2)

(b) Find the coordinates of the vertices of the triangle T , in terms of c where necessary.

(3)

(c) Find the value of c .

(3)





This image shows a full page of blank, lined paper. It features approximately 28 horizontal grey lines spaced evenly apart, typical of standard notebook paper. The lines extend across the entire width of the page, leaving small margins at the top and bottom. There are no vertical lines, text, or other markings present.

8. The point $P(3p^2, 6p)$ lies on the parabola with equation $y^2 = 12x$ and the point S is the focus of this parabola.

(3)

The tangent to the parabola at the point P and the tangent to the parabola at the point Q meet at the point R .

(8)

(3)





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(Total 14 marks)

Q8

TOTAL FOR PAPER: 75 MARKS

END

