Mathematics M1

Past Paper

This resource was created and owned by Pearson Edexcel

6677

Centre No.					Pape	er Refer	ence			Surname	Initial(s)
Candidate No.			6	6	7	7	/	0	1	Signature	

Paper Reference(s)

6677/01

Edexcel GCE

Mechanics M1

Advanced/Advanced Subsidiary

Thursday 7 June 2007 – Morning

Time: 1 hour 30 minutes

Materials required for examination Items

Mathematical Formulae (Green)

Items included with question papers

Candidates may use any calculator allowed by the regulations of the Joint Council for Qualifications. Calculators must not have the facility for symbolic algebra manipulation, differentiation and integration, or have retrievable mathematical formulas stored in them.

Instructions to Candidates

In the boxes above, write your centre number, candidate number, your surname, initial(s) and signature.

Check that you have the correct question paper.

You must write your answer to each question in the space following the question.

Whenever a numerical value of g is required, take $g = 9.8 \text{ m s}^{-2}$.

When a calculator is used, the answer should be given to an appropriate degree of accuracy.

Information for Candidates

A booklet 'Mathematical Formulae and Statistical Tables' is provided.

Full marks may be obtained for answers to ALL questions.

The marks for individual questions and the parts of questions are shown in round brackets: e.g. (2).

There are 7 questions in this question paper. The total mark for this paper is 75.

There are 20 pages in this question paper. Any blank pages are indicated.

Advice to Candidates

You must ensure that your answers to parts of questions are clearly labelled. You should show sufficient working to make your methods clear to the Examiner. Answers without working may not gain full credit.

This publication may be reproduced only in accordance with Edexcel Limited copyright policy.

©2007 Edexcel Limited.

N26114A W850/R6677/57570 3/3/3/39,500



Turn over Edexcel

advancing learning, changing lives

Examiner's use only

Team Leader's use only

Leave

Total

Tunn one

6

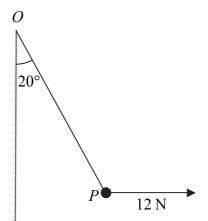
6677

Leave blank

1.

Past Paper

Figure 1



A particle P is attached to one end of a light inextensible string. The other end of the string is attached to a fixed point O. A horizontal force of magnitude 12 N is applied to P. The particle P is in equilibrium with the string taut and OP making an angle of 20° with the downward vertical, as shown in Figure 1.

Find

(a) the tension in the string,

(3)

(b) the weight of P.

(4)

Summer	2007
Past Paper	

www.mvstudvbro.com

ast Paper	This resource was created and owned by Pearson Edexcel	667
		Leave
Question 1 continued		blank
Question 1 continued		
		—
		Q1
	(Total 7 ma	ırks)



Mathematics M1

Past Paper

www.mystudybro.comThis resource was created and owned by Pearson Edexcel

6677 Leave

Two particles A and B , of mass 0.3 kg and m kg respirections along the same straight horizontal line so the mmediately before the collision, the speeds of A and B and the collision the direction of motion of each particle the collision, the speed of each particle is 2 m s^{-1} . Find	that the particles collide directly. The second respectively. It is reversed and, immediately after
a) the magnitude of the impulse exerted by B on A in	
	(3)
b) the value of m .	(4)

c.				2	^	n	•
31	ım	m	er	Z	IJ	U	1

aper	This resource was created and owned by Pearson Edexcei	
.		
Question 2 continued		

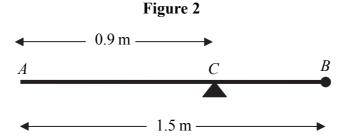


This resource was created and owned by Pearson Edexcel

Leave blank

6677

3.



A uniform rod AB has length 1.5 m and mass 8 kg. A particle of mass m kg is attached to the rod at B. The rod is supported at the point C, where AC = 0.9 m, and the system is in equilibrium with AB horizontal, as shown in Figure 2.

(a) Show that m = 2.

(4)

A particle of mass 5 kg is now attached to the rod at A and the support is moved from C to a point D of the rod. The system, including both particles, is again in equilibrium with AB horizontal.

(b) Find the distance AD.

(5)

_				_	_	_
Sı	ım	m	er	20)()	1

www.mystudybro.comThis resource was created and owned by Pearson Edexcel

Paper	This resource was created and owned by Pearson Edexcel	66
		Leav
Question 3 continued	•	blan
Question 5 continued		
		Q3
	(Total 9 ma	,



Mathematics M1 www.mystudybro.com This resource was created and owned by Pearson Edexcel Leave blank A car is moving along a straight horizontal road. At time t = 0, the car passes a point A with speed 25 m s⁻¹. The car moves with constant speed 25 m s⁻¹ until t = 10 s. The car then decelerates uniformly for 8 s. At time t = 18 s, the speed of the car is V m s⁻¹ and this speed is maintained until the car reaches the point B at time t = 30 s. (a) Sketch, in the space below, a speed-time graph to show the motion of the car from *A* to *B*. **(3)** Given that AB = 526 m, find (b) the value of V, **(5)** (c) the deceleration of the car between t = 10 s and t = 18 s. **(3)**

Summer 2007

www.mystudybro.com

ast Paper	This resource was created and owned by Pearson Edexcel	6677
		Leave blank
Question 4 continu	ued	bialik



Mathematics M1

		•	•		
ast Paper	This resource was	created and	owned by	/ Pearson	Edexcel

_	-	 	_	_		•	-	
					66	7	7	

Leave

Question 4 continued	blanl

c.				2	^	n	•
31	ım	m	er	Z	IJ	U	1

Paper	This resource was created and owned by Pearson Edexcel	(
		Le bl
Question 4 continued		
	(Total 11 ma	

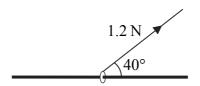
5.

This resource was created and owned by Pearson Edexcel

6677 Leave

blank

Figure 3



A small ring of mass $0.25\,\mathrm{kg}$ is threaded on a fixed rough horizontal rod. The ring is pulled upwards by a light string which makes an angle 40° with the horizontal, as shown in Figure 3. The string and the rod are in the same vertical plane. The tension in the string is $1.2\,\mathrm{N}$ and the coefficient of friction between the ring and the rod is μ . Given that the ring is in limiting equilibrium, find

(a) the normal reaction between the ring and the rod,

(4)

(b) the value of μ .

(6)

_				_	_	_
Sı	ım	m	er	20)()	1

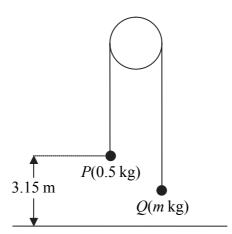
st Paper	This resource was created and owned by Pearson Edexcel	667
		Leave blank
Question 5 continued		Oldlik
		Q5
	(Total 10 ma	arks)

6677

Leave blank

6.

Figure 4



Two particles P and Q have mass 0.5 kg and m kg respectively, where m < 0.5. The particles are connected by a light inextensible string which passes over a smooth, fixed pulley. Initially P is 3.15 m above horizontal ground. The particles are released from rest with the string taut and the hanging parts of the string vertical, as shown in Figure 4. After P has been descending for 1.5 s, it strikes the ground. Particle P reaches the ground before Q has reached the pulley.

(a) Show that the acceleration of P as it descends is 2.8 m s^{-2} .

(3)

(b) Find the tension in the string as P descends.

(3)

(c) Show that $m = \frac{5}{18}$.

(4)

(d) State how you have used the information that the string is inextensible.

(1)

When P strikes the ground, P does not rebound and the string becomes slack. Particle Q then moves freely under gravity, without reaching the pulley, until the string becomes taut again.

(e) Find the time between the instant when P strikes the ground and the instant when the string becomes taut again.

(6)



S Pa

ummer 2007	www.mystudybro.com This resource was created and owned by Pearson Edexcel	Mathematics M1
ast Paper	This resource was created and owned by Pearson Edexcel	
		Leave
Overtion (conti	nued	blank
Question 6 contin	nueu	

www.mvstudvbro.com

Past Paper	This resource was created and owned by Pearson Edexo

Paper	This resource was created and owned by Pearson Edexcel	6677
		Leave
Question 6 continued		blank
Question o continued		
		1

Sum	mar	200	7
oum	mer	ZUU	1

ast Paper	This resource was created and owned by Pearson Edexcel	667
		Leave blank
Question 6 continued		
		Q6
	(Total 17 ma	nrks)

This resource was created and owned by Pearson Edexcel

Leave blank

A boat B is moving with constant velocity. At noon, B is at the point with position vector (3i-4j) km with respect to a fixed origin O. At 1430 on the same day, B is at the point with position vector (8i + 11j) km.

(a) Find the velocity of B, giving your answer in the form $p\mathbf{i} + q\mathbf{j}$.

(3)

At time t hours after noon, the position vector of B is **b** km.

(b) Find, in terms of t, an expression for **b**.

(3)

Another boat C is also moving with constant velocity. The position vector of C, c km, at time t hours after noon, is given by

$$\mathbf{c} = (-9\mathbf{i} + 20\mathbf{j}) + t(6\mathbf{i} + \lambda\mathbf{j}),$$

where λ is a constant. Given that C intercepts B,

(c) find the value of λ ,

(5)

(d) show that, before C intercepts B, the boats are moving with the same speed.

(3)

S

mmer 2007 t Paper	www.mystudybro.com This resource was created and owned by Pearson Edexcel	Mathematics N
Question 7 continue	d	Leav blan

e.	ım	m	۸r	20	Λ.
ગ	JM	m	er	ZU	W

Summer 2007	www.mystudybro.com	watnematics w
Past Paper	This resource was created and owned by Pearson Edexcel	66

Question 7 continued	
	(Total 14 marks)
	TOTAL FOR PAPER: 75 MARKS
END	