

8. [In this question \mathbf{i} and \mathbf{j} are horizontal unit vectors due east and due north respectively.]

A hiker H is walking with constant velocity $(1.2\mathbf{i} - 0.9\mathbf{j}) \text{ m s}^{-1}$.

(a) Find the speed of H .

(2)

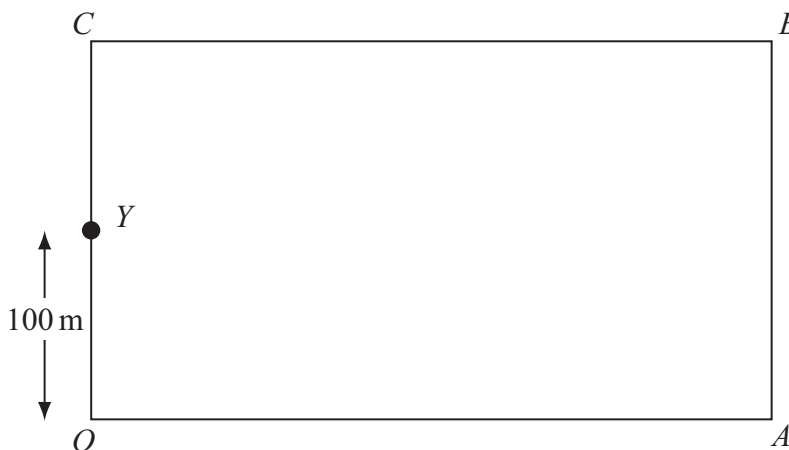


Figure 3

A horizontal field $OABC$ is rectangular with OA due east and OC due north, as shown in Figure 3. At twelve noon hiker H is at the point Y with position vector $100\mathbf{j}$ m, relative to the fixed origin O .

(b) Write down the position vector of H at time t seconds after noon.

(2)

At noon, another hiker K is at the point with position vector $(9\mathbf{i} + 46\mathbf{j})$ m. Hiker K is moving with constant velocity $(0.75\mathbf{i} + 1.8\mathbf{j}) \text{ m s}^{-1}$.

(c) Show that, at time t seconds after noon,

$$\overrightarrow{HK} = [(9 - 0.45t)\mathbf{i} + (2.7t - 54)\mathbf{j}] \text{ metres.}$$

(4)

Hence,

(d) show that the two hikers meet and find the position vector of the point where they meet.

(5)



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