

Centre No.						Paper Reference							Surname	Initial(s)
Candidate No.						6	6	6	8	/	0	1	Signature	

Paper Reference(s)

6668/01

Edexcel GCE

Further Pure Mathematics FP2

Advanced/Advanced Subsidiary

Friday 6 June 2014 – Afternoon

Time: 1 hour 30 minutes

Examiner's use only

--	--	--

Team Leader's use only

--	--	--

[illegible]

Materials required for examination

Mathematical Formulae (Pink)

Items included with question papers

Nil

Candidates may use any calculator allowed by the regulations of the Joint Council for Qualifications. Calculators must not have the facility for symbolic algebra manipulation or symbolic differentiation/integration, or have retrievable mathematical formulae stored in them.

Instructions to Candidates

In the boxes above, write your centre number, candidate number, your surname, initials and signature. Check that you have the correct question paper.

Answer ALL the questions.

You must write your answer to each question in the space following the question.

When a calculator is used, the answer should be given to an appropriate degree of accuracy.

Information for Candidates

A booklet 'Mathematical Formulae and Statistical Tables' is provided.

Full marks may be obtained for answers to ALL questions.

The marks for individual questions and the parts of questions are shown in round brackets: e.g. (2).

There are 8 questions in this question paper. The total mark for this paper is 75.

There are 28 pages in this question paper. Any blank pages are indicated.

Advice to Candidates

You must ensure that your answers to parts of questions are clearly labelled.

You should show sufficient working to make your methods clear to the Examiner.

Answers without working may not gain full credit.

This publication may be reproduced only in accordance with Pearson Education Ltd copyright policy.
©2014 Pearson Education Ltd

Printer's Log. No. _____

Printer's Log. No.
P44512A

W850/R6668/57570 5/5/1/



Turn over

PEARSON

Leave
blank

- (1)

$$\sum_{r=1}^n \frac{2}{(r+2)(r+4)} = \frac{n(7n+25)}{12(n+3)(n+4)}$$

(5)



Leave
blank

[illegible]

(Total 6 marks)

Q1



Leave
blank

2. Use algebra to find the set of values of x for which

$$|3x^2 - 19x + 20| < 2x + 2$$

(6)

Leave
blank

[illegible]

(Total 6 marks)

Q2



Leave
blank

3.

$$y = \sqrt{8 + e^x}, \quad x \in \mathbb{R}$$

Find the series expansion for y in ascending powers of x , up to and including the term in x^2 , giving each coefficient in its simplest form.

(8)



Q3

(Total 8 marks)



Leave
blank

- $$\cos 6\theta = 32\cos^6\theta - 48\cos^4\theta + 18\cos^2\theta - 1 \quad (5)$$

- (b) Hence solve for $0 \leq \theta \leq \frac{\pi}{2}$

$$64\cos^6\theta - 96\cos^4\theta + 36\cos^2\theta - 3 = 0$$

giving your answers as exact multiples of π . (5)



Leave
blank

[illegible]

Leave
blank

[illegible]

(Total 10 marks)

Q4



Leave
blank

- $$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + 2\frac{dy}{dx} + 10y = 27e^{-x} \quad (6)$$

- (b) Find the particular solution that satisfies $y = 0$ and $\frac{dy}{dx} = 0$ when $x = 0$



Leave
blank

Question 5 continued

Lined area for writing the answer to Question 5.



Leave
blank

[illegible]

(Total 12 marks)

Q5



6. The transformation T from the z -plane, where $z = x + iy$, to the w -plane, where $w = u + iv$, is given by

$$w = \frac{4(1-i)z - 8i}{2(-1+i)z - i}, \quad z \neq \frac{1}{4} - \frac{1}{4}i$$

(a) Show that

$$w = \frac{ax^2 + bxi + c}{16x^2 + 1}$$

where a , b and c are real constants to be found.

(6)

(b) Hence show that the circle C has equation

$$(u - 3)^2 + v^2 = k^2$$

where k is a constant to be found.

(4)



Leave
blank

[illegible]

Leave
blank

[illegible]

Q6

Leave
blank

- $$x \frac{dy}{dx} + y = 2x^4 y^4 \quad (\text{I})$$

$$\frac{dv}{dx} - \frac{3v}{x} = -6x^3 \quad (\text{II})$$

(5)

- (6)

[illegible]

Leave
blank

This image shows a full page of blank, lined paper. It features approximately 28 horizontal grey lines spaced evenly apart, typical of standard notebook paper. The lines extend across the entire width of the page, leaving small margins at the top and bottom. There are no vertical lines, text, or other markings present.



Leave
blank

This image shows a full page of blank, lined paper. It features approximately 20 horizontal grey lines spaced evenly apart, typical of notebook or school paper. The lines extend across the entire width of the page, leaving small margins at the top and bottom. There are no vertical lines, text, or other markings present.

Q7



8.

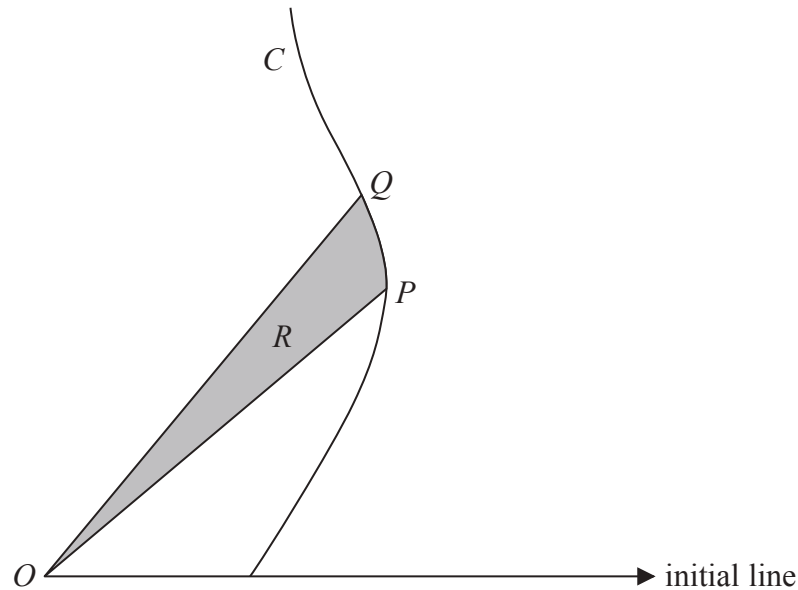


Figure 1

Figure 1 shows a sketch of part of the curve C with polar equation

$$r = 1 + \tan \theta, \quad 0 \leq \theta < \frac{\pi}{2}$$

The tangent to the curve C at the point P is perpendicular to the initial line.

(a) Find the polar coordinates of the point P .

(5)

The point Q lies on the curve C , where $\theta = \frac{\pi}{3}$

The shaded region R is bounded by OP , OQ and the curve C , as shown in Figure 1

(b) Find the exact area of R , giving your answer in the form

$$\frac{1}{2} (\ln p + \sqrt{q} + r)$$

where p , q and r are integers to be found.

(7)







P 4 4 5 1 2 A 0 2 8 2 8