

Centre No.						Paper Reference							Surname	Initial(s)
Candidate No.						6	6	6	8	/	0	1	Signature	

Paper Reference(s)

6668/01

Edexcel GCE

Further Pure Mathematics FP2

Advanced/Advanced Subsidiary

Wednesday 3 June 2015 – Morning

Time: 1 hour 30 minutes

Examiner's use only

--	--	--

Team Leader's use only

--	--	--

[illegible]

Materials required for examination

Mathematical Formulae (Pink)

Items included with question papers

Nil

Candidates may use any calculator allowed by the regulations of the Joint Council for Qualifications. Calculators must not have the facility for symbolic algebra manipulation or symbolic differentiation/integration, or have retrievable mathematical formulae stored in them.

Instructions to Candidates

In the boxes above, write your centre number, candidate number, your surname, initials and signature. Check that you have the correct question paper.

Answer ALL the questions.

You must write your answer to each question in the space following the question.

When a calculator is used, the answer should be given to an appropriate degree of accuracy.

Information for Candidates

A booklet ‘Mathematical Formulae and Statistical Tables’ is provided.

Full marks may be obtained for answers to ALL questions.

The marks for individual questions and the parts of questions are shown in round brackets: e.g. (2).

There are 8 questions in this question paper. The total mark for this paper is 75.

There are 32 pages in this question paper. Any blank pages are indicated.

Advice to Candidates

You must ensure that your answers to parts of questions are clearly labelled.

You should show sufficient working to make your methods clear to the Examiner.

Answers without working may not gain full credit.

This publication may be reproduced only in accordance with Pearson Education Ltd copyright policy.
©2015 Pearson Education Ltd

Printer's Log. No. _____

Printer's Log. No.
P44831A

W850/R6668/57570 5/1/1/1/1/



Turn over

PEARSON

Leave
blank

1. (a) Use algebra to find the set of values of x for which

$$x + 2 > \frac{12}{x + 3} \quad (6)$$

- (b) Hence, or otherwise, find the set of values of x for which

$$x + 2 > \frac{12}{|x + 3|} \quad (1)$$



Leave
blank

Question 1 continued

Handwriting practice area with horizontal lines.



Leave
blank

Question 1 continued

Q1

(Total 7 marks)



Leave
blank

$$z = -2 + (2\sqrt{3})i$$

- (3)

(2)

- (4)





Leave
blank

Leave
blank

Question 2 continued

Q2

(Total 9 marks)



3. Find, in the form $y = f(x)$, the general solution of the differential equation

$$\tan x \frac{dy}{dx} + y = 3 \cos 2x \tan x, \quad 0 < x < \frac{\pi}{2} \quad (6)$$



Leave
blank

(Total 6 marks)

Q3



4. (a) Show that

$$r^2(r+1)^2 - (r-1)^2 r^2 \equiv 4r^3 \quad (3)$$

Given that $\sum_{r=1}^n r = \frac{1}{2}n(n+1)$

(b) use the identity in (a) and the method of differences to show that

$$(1^3 + 2^3 + 3^3 + \dots + n^3) = (1 + 2 + 3 + \dots + n)^2 \quad (4)$$





Leave
blank

Leave
blank

(Total 7 marks)

Q4



Leave
blank

Question 5 continued

Handwriting practice area with horizontal lines.



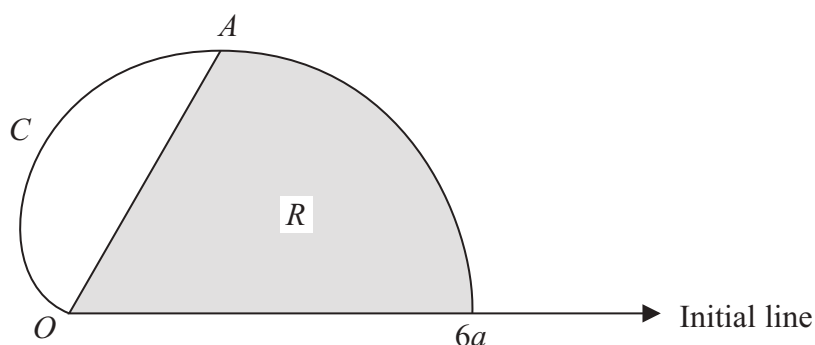


Figure 1

The curve C , shown in Figure 1, has polar equation

$$r = 3a (1 + \cos \theta), \quad 0 \leq \theta < \pi$$

The tangent to C at the point A is parallel to the initial line.

- (a) Find the polar coordinates of A .

(6)

The finite region R , shown shaded in Figure 1, is bounded by the curve C , the initial line and the line OA .

- (b) Use calculus to find the area of the shaded region R , giving your answer in the

form $a^2(p\pi + q\sqrt{3})$, where p and q are rational numbers.

(5)





Leave
blank

Q6

Leave
blank

7.

$$y = \tan^2 x, \quad -\frac{\pi}{2} < x < \frac{\pi}{2}$$

- (a) Show that $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = 6\sec^4 x - 4\sec^2 x$ (4)

- (b) Hence show that $\frac{d^3 y}{dx^3} = 8 \sec^2 x \tan x (A \sec^2 x + B)$, where A and B are constants to be found.

- (c) Find the Taylor series expansion of $\tan^2 x$, in ascending powers of $\left(x - \frac{\pi}{3}\right)$, up to and including the term in $\left(x - \frac{\pi}{3}\right)^3$





Leave
blank

Leave
blank

(Total 11 marks)

Q7



8. (a) Show that the transformation $x = e^u$ transforms the differential equation

into the differential equation

(6)

(b) Find the general solution of the differential equation (II), expressing y as a function of u .

(7)

(c) Hence obtain the general solution of the differential equation (I).

(1)





Leave
blank





Leave
blank

(Total 14 marks)

TOTAL FOR PAPER: 75 MARKS

END

Q8

