#### ΥΠΟΥΡΓΕΙΟ ΠΑΙΔΕΙΑΣ ΚΑΙ ΠΟΛΙΤΙΣΜΟΥ ΔΙΕΥΘΥΝΣΗ ΑΝΩΤΕΡΗΣ ΚΑΙ ΑΝΩΤΑΤΗΣ ΕΚΠΑΙΔΕΥΣΗΣ ΥΠΗΡΕΣΙΑ ΕΞΕΤΑΣΕΩΝ

ΠΑΓΚΥΠΡΙΕΣ ΕΞΕΤΑΣΕΙΣ 2018

#### ΜΑΘΗΜΑ: ΛΟΓΙΣΤΙΚΗ

ΗΜΕΡΟΜΗΝΙΑ ΚΑΙ ΩΡΑ ΕΞΕΤΑΣΗΣ: Πέμπτη, 17 Μαΐου 2018 08:00 - 11:00

# ΠΡΟΤΕΙΝΟΜΕΝΕΣ ΛΥΣΕΙΣ ΕΝΤΕΚΑ (11) ΣΕΛΙΔΕΣ

# QUESTION 1 (Answer) (a) i. Payback period

Machine CN		Machine YP				
Net cash flow		Net cash flow			et cash flow	
		€				€
Initial Cost		200.000	Initial Cost			200.000
Net cash flow year	1	(80.000)	Net cash flow	year	1	(40.000)
	2	<u>(92.000)</u>			2	<u>(100.000)</u>
		28.000				60.000
	3	110.000			3	118.000
2,25* years *28.00	0/110.0	000 Or				
2 years and 3** mor	nths		2,51* years *60.000/118.000			
			Or 2 years and	d 6 ma	onths	
**28.000/110.000x12	2					
			**60.000/118.0	)00 x1	2	
		(Marks 4)				

### ii. Net Present Value

		Machine CN		Mac	chine HP
Year	10%	Net cash flow  €	Present Value €	Net Cash flow €	Present Value €
0	1,000	(200.000)	(200.000)	(200.000)	(200.000)
1	0,909	80.000	72.720	40.000	36.360
2	0,826	92.000	75.992	100.000	82.600
3	0,751	110.000	82.610	118.000	88.618
4	0,683	106.000	72.398	212.000 144.796	
		NPV	103.720	NPV	152.374

(Marks 7)

#### iii. Accounting rate of return

Μέση απόδοση (ARR) = <u>Μέσα ετήσια μελλοντικά καθαρά κέρδη (Annual Average Profits)</u> Αρχικό κόστος επένδυσης (Initial cost of investment)

**CN:**  $ARR = \frac{47.000*}{200.000} X \ 100 = 23.5\%$  \*(30.000+42.000+60.000+56.000)/4

HP:	$ARR = \frac{67.500^{**}}{200.000} X100 = 33.75\%$	** (-10.000+50.000+68.000+162.000) /4
	2001000	

#### Working

Annual	Machine CN	Machine HP
Profits	€	€
	(Net cash flow -Depn)	(Net cash flow -Depn)
Year 1	80.000-50.000* = 30.000	40.000-50.000 = (10.000)
Year 2	92.000-50.000 = 42.000	100.000-50.000 = 50.000
Year 3	110.000-50.000 = 60.000	118.000-50.000 = 68.000
Year 4	106.000-50.000 = 56.000	212.000-50.000 = 162.000
	*Annual Depn = 50.000	*Annual Depn = 50.000
	200.000:4=50.000	200.000:4=50.000

#### (Marks 6)

(b) The managers should purchase machine HP because it gives the highest Positive NPV and it gives the highest Rate of Return although Machine CN has a shorter payback period

Οι διευθυντές πρέπει να αγοράσουν το μηχάνημα ΗΡ επειδή δίνει την υψηλότερη θετική Καθαρή παρούσα αξία (NPV) και έχει την υψηλότερη μέση απόδοση (ARR) παρόλο που το μηχάνημα CN έχει συντομότερη περίοδο αποπληρωμής.

(Marks 3) (Total Marks 20)

### **QUESTION 2** (Answer)

# PART (A)

**Dreamers Designs** 

Manufacturing A/c for the year ended 31 December 2017

	€	€
Raw Materials:		
Opening inventory		46.000
Add Purchases	345.000	
Add Carriage Inwards	48.000	393.000
		439.000
Less Closing inventory		49.000
Cost of Raw Materials used		390.000
Direct Wages(190.000 +2.000)x5/6		160.000
Royalties		28.000
PRIME COST		578.000
Factory overhead		
Light and heat (18.000x80%)	14.400	
Fuel and Power	54.000	
Factory Rent (36.000-3.000)x2/3	22.000	
Factory Insurance(23.000+1.000) x 2/3	16.000	
Indirect Wages(190.000 +2.000)x1/6	32.000	
Factory manager's Salaries	50.800	
Depreciation on Plant & Machinery	85.000	274.200
(480.000– 140.000) x25%	85.000	274.200
Work in Progress		
Add work in progress at start	34.000	
Less work in progress at end	(32.000)	2.000
COST OF PRODUCTION		854.200
Manufacturing Profit		45.800
Cost of goods transfer to Income Statement		900.000

(Marks 10)

### PART (B)

(a) FIFO (periodic): (60x€14) + (30x18) = €1.380

#### Workings

Opening inventory		80
Units purchased (90+30) =		120
Units sold	(60+50) =	(110)
Closing inventor	У	90 units

**(b)** LIFO (periodic): (80x€10) + (10x€14) = €940

(Marks 3)

(Marks 2)

(c) AVCO

#### Inventory A/c

Date	Details	Units	Price per unit	Balance
Jan 1	Balance	80	10,00	800
Jan 4	Purchases	90	14,00	1.260
		170	12,12*	2.060
Jan 10	Cost of Sales	(60)	12,12	(727)
		110	12,12	1.333
Jan 20	Purchases	30	18,00	540
		140	13,38**	1.873
Jan 26	Cost of Sales	(50)	13,38	(669)
Jan 31	<b>Closing Inventory</b>	90	13,38	1.204

(Marks 5)

\*2.060:170 \*\*1.873:140

(Total Marks 20)

### **QUESTION 3** (Answer)

(a)

### Shire Plc Statement of Profit or Loss for the year ended 31 December 2017

	€	€
Revenue		1.260.000
Cost of sales (W1)		<u>(677.000)</u>
Gross profit		583.000
Administrative expenses (W2)	154.450	
Distribution expenses (W3)	266.400	<u>(420.850)</u>
Profit from operations		162.150
Finance cost (W4)		<u>(8.000)</u>
Profit before taxation		154.150
Taxation		<u>(29.900)</u>
Profit for the year		124.250

Workings (W1) Cost of sales	€
Opening inventory	200.000
Purchases (700.000-50.000)	650.000
Closing inventory (180.000-12.950+5.950*)	(173.000)
* (6.400-450)	677.000

# (W2) Administrative expenses

	€
Salaries 200.000x20%	40.000
Auditors remuneration	28.000
Depn –office building (600.000-120.000)x10%	48.000
Irrecoverable debts	5.000
Rent & rates 56.000x3/5	33.600
Allowance for receivables (200.000 – 5.000)x3%-6.000	(150)
	154.450

### (W3) Distribution costs:

	€
Salaries 200.000x80%	160.000
Rent & rates 56.000x2/5	22.400
Distribution expenses	58.000
Warehouse rent	26.000
	266.400

## (W4) Loan Notes interest

€100.000 x 8% = €8.000

€8.000 - €4.000 (paid) = €4.000 due

(Marks 15)

(b) Shire Plc Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 31 December 2017				
	Ordinary Share capital	Share premium	Retained earnings	Total
	€	€	€	€
Balance at 1 January 2017	400.000	21.000	68.000	489.000
Shares issued	100.000	100.000	-	200.000
Profit for the year	-	-	124.250	124.250
Dividends paid			(30.000)	(30.000)
Balance at 31 December 2017	500.000	121.000	162.250	783.250

WORKINGS:		
(W5) Rights issue- Journal entry	€	€
Dr Cash (200 000*x€1,00)	200.000	
Cr Share capital (200 000x€0,5)		100.000
Cr Share premium (200 000x€0,5**)		100.000
*800 000X1/4=200 000 shares		
**Share premium=Issue price – par value Share premium= €1,00 - €0,5 = €0,50		
• • • • •		(Marks 5)

(Total Marks 20)

# **QUESTION 4** (Answer)

# PART A

# Workings

Fixed Costs -per year		Variable costs per unit
Rent Machinery Depreciation Other Fixed costs Insurance Supervisor's salary Advertising	€ 9.600 1.750* 10.500 1.120 15.000 _2.455	Salesmencommission€0,20Total VC€0,65Contribution per unit
<b>Total FC</b> *(14.500-500/8)	40.425	
(a) Break Even Point = <u>€40.425</u> = €0, 55	73.500 unit	ts (Marks 9)
(b) Break Even Point=73.500 units	sx€1,2= <b>€88</b>	3.200 (Marks 1)
(c) Margin of safety = 135 100 - 5	73 500 = <b>61</b>	600 units (Marks 2)
(d) Profit for 2017	€	
Sales revenue = 135 100 x 1	1,20 = 162.1	120
Less VC = 135 100 x 0,65	= (87.8	315)
Less FC	= <u>(40.4</u>	125)
Profit	=€33.	.880 all accepted
OR/ Sales (units) x contribution	less Fixed	l costs
<b>(</b> 135 100X €0,55) – 40.425 =	<u>€33.8</u>	880
OR/ Margin of safety x contribu		
61 600 units x €0,55/unit <b>=</b>	<u>€33.88</u>	<u>80</u> (Marks 3)

#### PART B

Μετοχές	Ομόλογα
<b>1.</b> Ο μέτοχος (shareholder) είναι ιδιοκτήτης και έχει δικαίωμα ψήφου (shareholders are owners and have voting rights)	Ο κάτοχος ομολόγων (debenture holder) δεν είναι μέτοχος αλλά δανειοδότης και δεν έχει δικαίωμα ψήφου (Debenture holders are payables and do not have voting rights)
<b>2.</b> Το μετοχικό κεφάλαιο δεν επιστρέφεται (The shareholders do not have to be repaid)	Τα ομόλογα έχουν ημερομηνία λήξης και πρέπει να αποπληρωθούν κατά τη λήξη τους (The debentures have be repaid on the expiring date)
<b>3.</b> Μερίσματα πληρώνονται μόνον αν υπάρχουν κέρδη μετά από απόφαση των διευθυντών (παρουσιάζονται στο Statement of changes in Equity) (Dividends are paid if there are profits available and are stated in the Statement of changes in Equity)	Η εταιρεία είναι υποχρεωμένη να πληρώνει τόκους (finance cost) είτε υπάρχουν κέρδη είτε όχι (Interest has to be paid -finance cost – on its due date)
4.Κατά τη διάλυση της επιχείρησης έχουν δικαίωμα στα περιουσιακά στοιχεία της εταιρείας που απομένουν μετά την αποπληρωμή των πιστωτών (In the case of dissolution the shareholders have the right to surplus assets after the repayment of payables)	Κατά τη διάλυση της επιχείρησης οι κάτοχοι ομολόγων έχουν προτεραιότητα στη αποπληρωμή τους αλλά δεν έχουν περαιτέρω δικαίωμα στα περιουσιακά στοιχεία της εταιρείας που απομένουν μετά την αποπληρωμή των πιστωτών (In the case of dissolution the debenture holders have priority for repayment but they do not have any other rights to surplus assets)

(Any two differences)

(Marks 5)

(Total Marks 20)

#### **QUESTION 5** (Answer)

(a) (i)

#### PPE- Accumulated Depreciation Account

2017		€000	2017		€000
Dec 31	Disposals	560	Jan 01	Balance b/d	4.520
Dec 31	Balance c/d	4.440	Dec 31	SOPL	480
		5.000			5.000

### (Marks 4)

#### (a) (ii) Statement of Cash Flow for year ended 31 December 2017

Cash Flows from operating activities		
Profit before taxation	380.000	
Add Depreciation	480.000	
Less: Profit on Sale of Non-current Asset (2.115.000-560.000)-1.570.000	(15.000)	
Add: Finance cost (14.000 + 27.000)	41.000	
Operating cash flow before working capital changes	886.000	
Add Decrease in inventories	62.000	
Less Increase in trade receivables	(130.000)	
Less Decrease in trade payables	(120.000)	
Cash generated from operations	698.000	
Less Interest Paid (14.000 + 27.000) (W1)	(41.000)	
Less Tax Paid (280.000+240.000-360.000) (W2)	(160.000)	
Net Cash from Operating Activities		497.000
Net Cash Flows used in investing activities		(450.000)
Net Cash Flows from financing activities		273.000
Net increase in cash and equivalent		320.000
Cash and cash equivalents 1 January 2017		-120.000
Cash and cash equivalents 31 December 2017		200.000
Net increase in cash and equivalent		320.000

## Workings:

(1) Bank loan Interest (6%x600.000) x9/12=€27.000

(2)Corporation taxCash - paid€000Balance c/d160Balance c/d360520520

(Marks 14)

(b) Items found in the Financing Activities section include:

- Έκδοση μετοχικού κεφαλαίου στην ονομαστική τους αξία ή υπέρ το άρτιο
- Σύναψη ή αποπληρωμή δανείων
- Έκδοση ή αποπληρωμή ομολόγων
- Η καταβολή μερισμάτων.
- Issue of shares at par or at a premium
- Taking out or repayment of a bank loan
- Issue of debentures, or repayment of debentures
- Dividends paid

(Marks 2)

(Total Marks 20)

(GRAND TOTAL MARKS 100)