

Write your name here

Surname

Other names

**Pearson Edexcel
International GCSE**

Centre Number

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Candidate Number

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Accounting

Paper 1

Wednesday 8 January 2014 – Morning
Time: 2 hours 30 minutes

Paper Reference

4AC0/01**You do not need any other materials.**

Total Marks

Instructions

- Use **black** ink or ball-point pen.
- **Fill in the boxes** at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer **all** questions.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided
– *there may be more space than you need.*

Information

- The total mark for this paper is 100.
- The marks for **each** question are shown in brackets
– *use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.*
- Calculators may be used.

Advice

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Write your answers neatly and in good English.
- Try to answer every question.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.

Turn over ►

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**PEARSON**

Section B

Answer ALL questions.

- 11 Alcatraz, a sole trader, has a clothing business and sells goods for cash and on credit. On 1 January 2013 the balances on his sales ledger control account were:

Debit balance	£55 737
Credit balance	£365

- (a) State **two** reasons why it is possible to have a credit balance in a sales ledger control account.

(4)

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Alcatraz provided the following information for the year ended 31 December 2013.

	£
Cash sales	6 734
Credit sales	340 095
Credit purchases	289 621
Returns from credit customers	6 987
Returns to credit suppliers	5 290
Receipts from credit customers	316 895
Payments to credit suppliers	216 423
Customers' cheque dishonoured	242
Discounts allowed	15 419
Discounts received	10 821
Credit balance in purchases ledger transferred to sales ledger	500

- (b) Select the relevant figures and prepare the sales ledger control account for the year ended 31 December 2013. Balance the account at that date and bring down the balance on 1 January 2014.

(9)

Sales Ledger Control Account

Date	Narrative	Amount (£)	Date	Narrative	Amount (£)



On 31 December 2013 the balance on the control account agreed with the sum of the balances in the sales ledger.

Alcatraz allows his customers 30 days credit.

- (c) (i) Using the closing balance calculated in (b), calculate the debtors' collection period in days. State clearly the formula used.

(2)

Formula	Debtors' collection period



- (ii) Comment on the debtors' collection period, stating whether Alcatraz will be satisfied with this figure.

(5)

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(Total for Question 11 = 20 marks)



Section B

Question Number	Answer	Mark
11(a)	<p>Award up to 2 marks max per correct reason</p> <p>Sample answers:</p> <p>An overpayment (1) by a debtor (1) The debtor returned goods(1) after paying the account (1) The debtor paying in advance (1) for the goods (1) Cash discount (1) not being deducted before payment was made (1)</p>	(4)

Question Number	Answer						Mark
11(b)	Sales Ledger Control Account						(9)
	Date	Narrative	Amount (£)	Date	Narrative	Amount (£)	
	Jan 1	Bal b/f	55 737(1)	Jan 1	Bal b/f	365(1)	
	Dec 31	Credit sales	340 095 (1)	Dec 31	Returns In	6 987(1)	
	Dec 31	Cash Book	242 (1)	Dec 31	Cash Book	316 895 (1)	
				Dec 31	Discount allowed	15 419 (1)	
				Dec 31	PL set off	500(1)	
				Dec 31	Balance c/d	55 908	
			396 074			396 074	
	Jan 1	Balance b/d	55 908 (1)				

Question Number	Answer		Mark
11(c)	Formula	Debtors collection period	(2)
	Debtors/Credit sales x 365 (1)	55908 /340095 x 365 = 60 days (1 of)	
	(ii) Answer must be consistent with answer to (i) Award (1) mark for stating whether or not Alcatraz will be satisfied with the debtors collection period calculated and a further (1) for developing the response. An additional (2) marks can be awarded for the implications for the business of debtors taking longer than they should to pay their debts. (1) further mark for a concluding statement		

	<p>Sample Answer</p> <p>The debtors ratio shows that the collection period for debtors was 60 days. Alcatraz will not (1) be satisfied with this figure as it is greater than the 30 days credit he allows his customers (1)</p> <p>If his debtors are not paying on time this could result in the business suffering cash flow problems (1) or in some instances an increase in the number of bad debts (1).</p> <p>It is therefore very important for the business to monitor the payment period of its debtors (1)</p>	(5)
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Question Number	Answer	Mark
12(a)	<p>Award (1) mark for each correct stated difference.</p> <p>Sample Answers</p> <p>A limited liability company has separate identity from its owners.</p> <p>The owners (shareholders) in a company have limited liability, unlike a partnership where each partner is liable for all debts of the partnership.</p> <p>Companies can raise capital through the issue of shares.</p> <p>Companies pay dividends to their shareholders</p>	(2)

Question Number	Answer	Mark																																							
12(b)	<p style="text-align: center;">Cable and Carr Appropriation Account For year ended 31 October 2013</p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th></th><th style="text-align: center;">£</th><th style="text-align: center;">£</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Net Profit</td><td></td><td style="text-align: right;">37 900 (1cf)</td></tr> <tr> <td>Appropriations</td><td></td><td></td></tr> <tr> <td>Salary Cable</td><td style="text-align: right;">7 000 (1cf)</td><td></td></tr> <tr> <td>Interest on capitals:</td><td></td><td></td></tr> <tr> <td> Cable</td><td style="text-align: right;">5 000 (1cf)</td><td></td></tr> <tr> <td> Carr</td><td style="text-align: right;">4 000 (1cf)</td><td></td></tr> <tr> <td></td><td></td><td style="text-align: right;">16 000</td></tr> <tr> <td></td><td></td><td style="text-align: right;">21 900</td></tr> <tr> <td>Share of profits:</td><td></td><td></td></tr> <tr> <td> Cable</td><td style="text-align: right;">10 950 (1of)</td><td></td></tr> <tr> <td> Carr</td><td style="text-align: right;">10 950 (1of)</td><td></td></tr> <tr> <td></td><td></td><td style="text-align: right;">21 900</td></tr> </tbody> </table>		£	£	Net Profit		37 900 (1cf)	Appropriations			Salary Cable	7 000 (1cf)		Interest on capitals:			Cable	5 000 (1cf)		Carr	4 000 (1cf)				16 000			21 900	Share of profits:			Cable	10 950 (1of)		Carr	10 950 (1of)				21 900	(6)
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12 Cable and Carr are in partnership sharing profits and losses equally.

Their partnership agreement also provides for the following:

interest on capital at 10% per annum

Cable to have a salary of £7 000 per annum.

(a) State **two** differences between a partnership and a limited liability company.

(2)

1

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2

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	Cable	Carr
	£	£
Capital account balance 1 November 2012	50 000	40 000
Current account balance 1 November 2012	6 450 (Cr)	13 500 (Dr)
Drawings for the year	6 575	12 300
Net profit for the year (before appropriations)	£ 37 900	

(6)

**Cable and Carr
Appropriation Account
for year ended 31 October 2013**

[illegible]

- (c) Prepare Cable's current account for the year ended 31 October 2013. Balance the account on that date and bring down the balance on 1 November 2013.

(6)

Cable – Current Account

Date	Narrative	Amount (£)	Date	Narrative	Amount (£)

The partnership trading account for the year ended 31 October 2013 provided the following information.

	£
Opening stock	36 000
Closing stock	48 000
Purchases	120 000
Sales	240 000

- (d) (i) Calculate the gross profit percentage for the year ended 31 October 2013. State clearly the formula used.

(3)

Formula	Gross Profit Percentage

- (ii) Calculate the rate of stock turnover (in days) for the year ended 31 October 2013. State clearly the formula used.

(3)

Formula	Rate of Stock Turnover



Gross profit percentage	75%
Rate of stock turnover	110 days

(5)

(Total for Question 12 = 25 marks)



	<p>Sample Answer</p> <p>The debtors ratio shows that the collection period for debtors was 60 days. Alcatraz will not (1) be satisfied with this figure as it is greater than the 30 days credit he allows his customers (1)</p> <p>If his debtors are not paying on time this could result in the business suffering cash flow problems (1) or in some instances an increase in the number of bad debts (1).</p> <p>It is therefore very important for the business to monitor the payment period of its debtors (1)</p>	(5)
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Question Number	Answer						Mark
12(c)	Cable – Current Account						
	Date	Narrative	Amount (£)	Date	Narrative	Amount (£)	
	Oct 31	Drawings	6 575 (1)	Nov1	Balance b/d	6 450 (1)	
		Bal c/d	22 825	Oct 31	Salary	7 000 (1)	
					Interest on capital	5 000 (1)	
					Share of profits	10 950 (1)	
			<u>29 400</u>			<u>29 400</u>	
				Nov 1	Balance b/d	22 825 (1of)	

Question Number	Answer	Mark				
12(d)	(i)					
	<table><tr><th>Formula</th><th>Gross Profit Percentage</th></tr><tr><td>Gross profit/sales x 100 (1)</td><td>132 000 (1cf) /240 000 = 55% (1 of)</td></tr></table>		Formula	Gross Profit Percentage	Gross profit/sales x 100 (1)	132 000 (1cf) /240 000 = 55% (1 of)
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12(e)	<p>Award a maximum of 2 marks for evaluating the change in each ratio plus a further 1 mark for any indication of the possible effects of this on the business's future prospects</p> <p>Sample answers</p> <p>The gross profit percentage may have decreased due to the selling price being decreased (1) in order to increase the sales volume (1).</p> <p style="text-align: center;">OR</p> <p>The gross profit percentage has decreased due to an increase in the cost of goods sold (1) which has not been passed onto the customer in the form of higher prices (1)</p> <p>The rate of stock turnover has increased may indicate that the business is taking longer to sell its stock (1) which may lead to increase in the costs associated with stockholding (1) such as warehousing costs etc (1) (max 2)</p> <p>If the profitability of the business continues to fall the business may struggle in the future to pay its running expenses (1)</p> <p style="text-align: center;">OR</p> <p>By reducing the selling price of their products the business may attract more customers in the long term and see their overall profits increase. (1)</p>	(5)																																				
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13 The Howzat Cricket Club has the following assets and liabilities on 1 November 2012.

	£
Sports equipment at net book value	12 500
Cash at bank	3 200
Member subscriptions paid in advance	450
Member subscriptions owing	265
Accumulated fund	15 515

The club treasurer prepared the following receipts and payments account for the year ended 31 October 2013.

Date	Narrative	Amount (£)	Date	Narrative	Amount (£)
2012			2013		
Nov 1	Balance b/f	3 200	Oct 31	Equipment	7 500
2013				Printing costs	540
Oct 31	Members' subscriptions	11 954		Advertising	2 389
	Match income	3 246		Ground rent	4 500
	Interest received	63		Insurance	234
				Balance c/d	3 300
		<u>18 463</u>			<u>18 463</u>

- On 31 October 2013 ground rent, £500, was accrued and insurance, £95, was prepaid.
- Equipment is depreciated at the rate of 10% on the value of equipment held at the year end.
- All subscriptions owing on 1 November 2012 had been paid during the year. On 31 October 2013 there were subscriptions owing by members of £361. There were no subscriptions paid in advance on that date.



- (5)

Date	Narrative	Amount (£)	Date	Narrative	Amount (£)

- (11)

[illegible]

The members of the club are concerned that the surplus in the income and expenditure is different from the closing balance on the receipts and payments account.

- (c) Explain **two** reasons why the surplus calculated in (b) does not equal the balance in the receipts and payments account on 31 October 2013.

(4)

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(Total for Question 13 = 20 marks)



Question Number	Answer	Mark																																				
12(e)	<p>Award a maximum of 2 marks for evaluating the change in each ratio plus a further 1 mark for any indication of the possible effects of this on the business's future prospects</p> <p>Sample answers</p> <p>The gross profit percentage may have decreased due to the selling price being decreased (1) in order to increase the sales volume (1).</p> <p style="text-align: center;">OR</p> <p>The gross profit percentage has decreased due to an increase in the cost of goods sold (1) which has not been passed onto the customer in the form of higher prices (1)</p> <p>The rate of stock turnover has increased may indicate that the business is taking longer to sell its stock (1) which may lead to increase in the costs associated with stockholding (1) such as warehousing costs etc (1) (max 2)</p> <p>If the profitability of the business continues to fall the business may struggle in the future to pay its running expenses (1)</p> <p style="text-align: center;">OR</p> <p>By reducing the selling price of their products the business may attract more customers in the long term and see their overall profits increase. (1)</p>	(5)																																				
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13(b)	<p style="text-align: center;">Howzat Cricket Club Income and Expenditure Account For year ended 31 October 2013</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th></th><th>£</th><th>£</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Income</td><td></td><td></td></tr> <tr> <td>Subscriptions</td><td>12 500 (1 of)</td><td></td></tr> <tr> <td>Match income</td><td>3 246 (1 cf)</td><td></td></tr> <tr> <td>Interest received</td><td>63 (1 cf)</td><td></td></tr> <tr> <td></td><td></td><td>15 809</td></tr> <tr> <td>Expenditure</td><td></td><td></td></tr> <tr> <td>Printing costs</td><td>540 (1 cf)</td><td></td></tr> <tr> <td>Advertising</td><td>2 389 (1cf)</td><td></td></tr> <tr> <td>Ground rent (4500 + 500)</td><td>5 000 (2)</td><td></td></tr> <tr> <td>Insurance (234 – 95)</td><td>139 (2)</td><td></td></tr> <tr> <td>Depreciation - Equipment</td><td>2 000 (1 cf)</td><td></td></tr> <tr> <td></td><td></td><td>10 068</td></tr> <tr> <td>Surplus of income over expenditure</td><td></td><td>5 741 (1 of)</td></tr> </tbody> </table>		£	£	Income			Subscriptions	12 500 (1 of)		Match income	3 246 (1 cf)		Interest received	63 (1 cf)				15 809	Expenditure			Printing costs	540 (1 cf)		Advertising	2 389 (1cf)		Ground rent (4500 + 500)	5 000 (2)		Insurance (234 – 95)	139 (2)		Depreciation - Equipment	2 000 (1 cf)				10 068	Surplus of income over expenditure		5 741 (1 of)	(11)
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Question Number	Answer	Mark
13(c)	<p>Award up to two marks for each relevant explanation.</p> <p>Sample answers</p> <p>The receipts and payments account only includes monies actually received and paid (1) whereas the income and expenditure account includes accruals and prepayments (1).</p> <p>The receipts and payment account does not include non-cash expenses (1) such as depreciation (1) which are included in the income and expenditure account.</p>	(4)

- 14** Golden Gate Stores provides wholesale services to several businesses in its locality. At the end of each month a bank reconciliation statement is prepared.

(a) Explain **two** reasons why it is necessary to do this.

(4)

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(b) Identify **two** items which may appear in a bank statement but will not appear in the cash book until after the bank statement has been received.

(2)

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The cash book of Golden Gate Stores for the month of October 2013 showed the following entries.

Cash Book
(Bank Columns Only)

Date	Narrative	Amount (£)	Date	Narrative	Amount (£)
Oct 1	Balance b/f	650	Oct 2	Burt & Co	145
Oct 3	Cash Banked	3 200	Oct 5	General Electric	688
Oct 20	Cash Banked	2 111	Oct 18	Tang and Wong	365
Oct 31	Cash Banked	3 267	Oct 25	World Telecom	591
			Oct 29	Stanley Ltd	875
			Oct 31	Balance c/d	6 564
		<u>9 228</u>			<u>9 228</u>
Nov 1	Balance b/d	6 564			

On 3 November 2013 Golden Gate Stores received the following bank statement for the month of October 2013.

Golden Gate Stores
Bank Statement

Date	Narrative	Debit	Credit	Balance
		£	£	£
October 1	Balance b/f			860 Cr
October 2	Cheque 2345	210		650 Cr
October 3	Bank Giro Credit		3 200	3 850 Cr
October 10	Cheque 2346	145		3 705 Cr
October 15	Cheque 2347	688		3 017 Cr
October 22	Bank Giro Credit		2 111	5 128 Cr
October 29	Cheque 2348	365		4 763 Cr



(c) Prepare a bank reconciliation statement as at 31 October 2013.

(7)

Golden Gate Stores
Bank Reconciliation Statement
as at 31 October 2013

On 31 October 2013 Golden Gate Stores prepared a balance sheet.

(d) (i) What amount should be shown for cash at bank?

(1)

(ii) Where in the balance sheet would this be shown?

(1)

(Total for Question 14 = 15 marks)



Question Number	Answer	Mark
14 (a)	<p>Award up to two marks for each relevant explanation.</p> <p>Sample answers</p> <p>To identify any differences between the bank balance shown in the cash book (1) and the balance on the bank statement (1)</p> <p>To aid the identification of errors in either the cash book (1) or made by the bank (1)</p> <p>To assist in the prevention of fraud (1) by confirming that the items on the bank statement match those in the cash book (1)</p>	(4)

Question Number	Answer	Mark
14 (b)	<p>Award (1) mark per item (max 2) for each item correctly identified</p> <p>Examples of acceptable responses:</p> <p>Bank Charges Standing orders Direct debits Credit transfers Dishonoured cheques</p>	(2)

Question Number	Answer	Mark																								
14 (c)	<p style="text-align: center;">Golden Gate Stores Bank Reconciliation Statement As At 31 October 2013</p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th></th><th style="text-align: right;">£</th><th style="text-align: right;">£</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Balance as per cash book (1)</td><td></td><td style="text-align: right;">6 564 (1 cf)</td></tr> <tr> <td>Unpresented cheques: World Telecom</td><td style="text-align: right;">591 (1 cf)</td><td></td></tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: right;">Stanley Ltd</td><td style="text-align: right;">875 (1 cf)</td><td></td></tr> <tr> <td></td><td></td><td style="text-align: right;">1 466</td></tr> <tr> <td></td><td></td><td style="text-align: right;">8 030</td></tr> <tr> <td>Outstanding lodgement</td><td></td><td style="text-align: right;">3 267 (1 cf)</td></tr> <tr> <td>Balance as per bank statement (1)</td><td></td><td style="text-align: right;">4 763 (1 cf)</td></tr> </tbody> </table>		£	£	Balance as per cash book (1)		6 564 (1 cf)	Unpresented cheques: World Telecom	591 (1 cf)		Stanley Ltd	875 (1 cf)				1 466			8 030	Outstanding lodgement		3 267 (1 cf)	Balance as per bank statement (1)		4 763 (1 cf)	(7)
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	Stanley Ltd	875 (1 cf)	
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			3 297
	Outstanding lodgement		3 267 (1 cf)
	Balance as per cash book (1)		6 564 (1 cf)

Question Number	Answer	Mark
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Mark is awarded for figure and appropriate narrative.

Profit And loss figure must be clearly identified for mark to be awarded.

15 The following balances were extracted from the accounts of F Wharf.

	1 January 2013	31 December 2013
Sundry expenses	£850 owing	£1 100 owing
Rent receivable	£2 000 prepaid	£1 000 prepaid

During the year ended 31 December 2013 the business paid £5 440 for sundry expenses and received rental income of £11 000.

Prepare the following ledger accounts of F Wharf for the year ended 31 December 2013, showing the transfers to the profit and loss account for the year. Balance the accounts and bring the balance down on 1 January 2014.

Sundry Expenses Account

Date	Narrative	Amount (£)	Date	Narrative	Amount (£)

Rent Receivable Account

Date	Narrative	Amount (£)	Date	Narrative	Amount (£)

(Total for Question 15 = 10 marks)

TOTAL FOR SECTION B = 90 MARKS
TOTAL FOR PAPER = 100 MARKS



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(10)

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